

AD-A078 899

GAI CONSULTANTS INC MONROEVILLE PA

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM. POTTS GROVE DAM (NDI I.D. NUMBE--ETC(U)

JUN 79

DACW31-79-C-0013

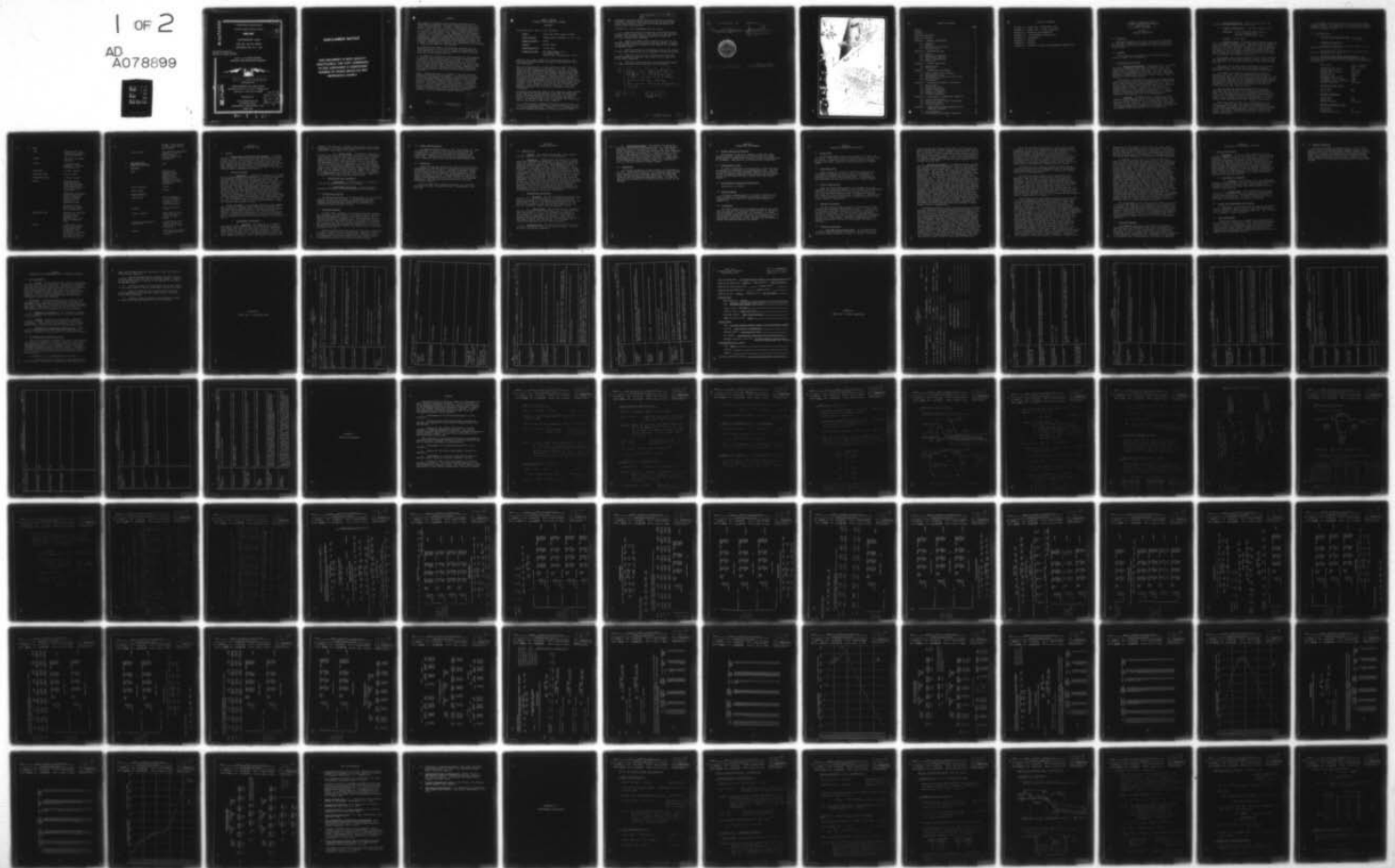
F/6 13/13

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

1 OF 2

AD
A078899



AD A 078899

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN
KETTLE CREEK, BLAIR COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA

POTTSGROVE DAM
NDI I.D. No. PA - 00527
PENNDER I.D. No. 7 - 19

Distribution Unlimited
Approved for Public Release
Contract No. DACW31-79-C-0013

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



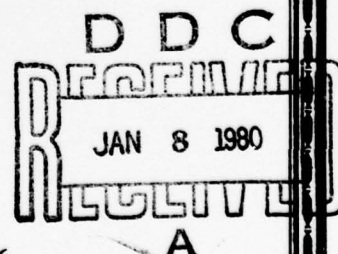
ORIGINAL CONTAINS COLOR PLATES: ALL DDC
REPRODUCTIONS WILL BE IN BLACK AND WHITE
PREPARED FOR

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

PREPARED BY
GAI CONSULTANTS, INC.
570 BEATTY ROAD
MONROEVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA 15146

JUNE 1979

DDC FILE COPY



80 - 7 1 054

DISCLAIMER NOTICE

1

**THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY
PRACTICABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED
TO DDC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT
NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT
REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.**

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition, and the downstream damage potential.

ORIGINAL CONTAINS COLOR PLATES: ALL DDC
REPRODUCTIONS WILL BE IN BLACK AND WHITE

Accession For	
NTIS G&I	<input checked="checked" type="checkbox"/>
DDC TAB	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unannounced	<input type="checkbox"/>
Justification	
By _____	
Distribution/ _____	
Availability Codes	
Dist.	Avail and/or special
A	230

PHASE I REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

ABSTRACT

Pottsgrove Dam: NDI I.D. No. PA-00527

<u>Owner:</u>	Blair Gap Water Supply Company
<u>State Located:</u>	Pennsylvania (PennDER I.D. No. 7-19)
<u>County Located:</u>	Blair
<u>Stream:</u>	Kettle Creek
<u>Inspection Date:</u>	18 May 1979
<u>Inspection Team:</u>	GAI Consultants, Inc. 570 Beatty Road Monroeville, Pennsylvania 15146

Based on the visual inspection, operational history, and available engineering data, the dam is considered to be in fair condition.

The size classification of the facility is small and its hazard classification is considered to be high. In accordance with the recommended guidelines, the spillway design flood for this facility is the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Results of the hydrologic and hydraulic analysis indicate that the facility is capable of passing and/or storing only 26 percent of the PMF without overtopping the embankment. Overtopping and embankment failure is also anticipated under floods of less than 1/2 PMF magnitude and would result in an increase in the potential for loss of life downstream from the dam. Thus, based on criteria contained in the recommended guidelines, the spillway is considered seriously inadequate.

Structural deficiencies noted by the inspection team included minor erosion of the downstream slope near the embankment crest, and deteriorated concrete associated with both the spillway weir and wingwalls and the upstream embankment slope. In addition, there are no provisions for controlling flow at the inlets to the outlet conduits.

Due to the seriously inadequate spillway classification, the facility is considered unsafe but non-emergency as failure is not considered imminent. However, it is recommended that the owner immediately develop a warning system to notify

15 DACW31-79-C-0013

downstream residents should hazardous conditions develop. Included in the plan should be provisions for around-the-clock surveillance of the facility during periods of unusually heavy precipitation.

In addition, it is recommended that the owner:

- a. Have the facility studied by a registered professional engineer experienced in the hydraulics and hydrology of dams, and implement measures necessary to make the facility hydraulically adequate.
- b. Repair the deteriorated concrete portions of the upstream slope protection and the spillway system. (Repairs to the spillway may be inherent to the results of the above recommended study.)
- c. Provide a means for controlling flow at the inlets of the outlet conduits should an emergency situation develop.
- d. Seed the areas of minor erosion along the downstream embankment slope near the crest level or reset the stone slope protection.
- e. Develop a formal operation and maintenance manual to ensure the continued proper care of the facility.

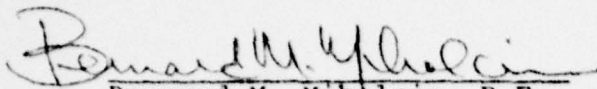
6 National Dam Inspection Program.
Pottsgrove Dam (NDI I.D. Number
PA-00507, Pennder I.D. Number
7-19) Susquehanna River Basin,
Kettle Creek, Blair County,
Pennsylvania. Phase I Inspection
Report.

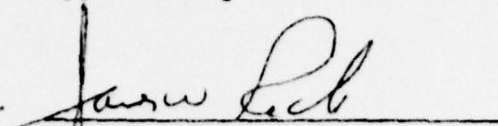
11 Jun 79

12 125

GAI Consultants, Inc.

Approved by:


Bernard M. Mihalcin, P.E.


JAMES W. PECK
Colonel, Corps of Engineers
District Engineer



Date 19 July 1979

Date 13 August 1979



OVERVIEW PHOTOGRAPH

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
PREFACE.	i
ABSTRACT	ii
OVERVIEW PHOTOGRAPH.	v
TABLE OF CONTENTS.	vi
SECTION 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION.	1
1.0 Authority.	1
1.1 Purpose.	1
1.2 Description of Project	1
1.3 Pertinent Data	3
SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA	6
2.1 Design	6
2.2 Construction Records	7
2.3 Operational Records.	7
2.4 Other Investigations	8
2.5 Evaluation	8
SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION.	9
3.1 Observations	9
3.2 Evaluation	10
SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES	11
4.1 Normal Operational Procedure	11
4.2 Maintenance of Dam	11
4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities.	11
4.4 Warning System	11
4.5 Evaluation	11
SECTION 5 - HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC EVALUATION.	12
5.1 Design Data.	12
5.2 Experience Data.	12
5.3 Visual Observations.	12
5.4 Method of Analysis	12
5.5 Summary of Analysis.	12
5.6 Spillway Adequacy.	15
SECTION 6 - EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY	16
6.1 Visual Observations.	16
6.2 Design and Construction Techniques	16
6.3 Past Performance	16
6.4 Seismic Stability.	17
SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REMEDIAL MEASURES.	18
7.1 Dam Assessment	18
7.2 Recommendations/Remedial Measures.	18

TABLE OF CONTENTS

APPENDIX A - CHECK LIST - ENGINEERING DATA
APPENDIX B - CHECK LIST - VISUAL INSPECTION
APPENDIX C - HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS
APPENDIX C-1 - SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS
APPENDIX D - PHOTOGRAPHS
APPENDIX E - GEOLOGY
APPENDIX F - FIGURES
APPENDIX G - REGIONAL VICINITY AND WATERSHED BOUNDARY MAP

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM
POTTSGROVE DAM
NDI# PA-527, PENNDER# 7-19

SECTION 1
GENERAL INFORMATION

1.0 Authority.

The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.

1.1 Purpose.

The purpose is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 Description of Project.

a. Dam and Appurtenances. Pottsgrove Dam is a 37-foot high earth embankment approximately 900 feet long. The embankment is comprised of three sections of which the center section is about 560 feet long. The left and right sections are approximately 90 and 250 feet long (including spillway), respectively, and each form an angle of about 60 degrees with the center section.

The facility is served by a concrete and masonry chute channel spillway with an uncontrolled concrete, ogee-shaped weir located within the right embankment section. The spillway has a crest length of 64 feet and is 4.6 feet deep (below wingwall level). In addition, the facility is equipped with a 16-inch diameter cast iron pipe (C.I.P.) blowoff line, and 10- and 12-inch diameter C.I.P. supply lines controlled by gate valves housed within a structure located at the downstream toe of the embankment.

b. Location. Pottsgrove Dam is located on Kettle Creek in Logan Township, Blair County, Pennsylvania. The city of Altoona, Pennsylvania, is located about three miles southwest of the facility. The dam, reservoir, and watershed are located on the Bellwood and Frankstown, Pennsylvania, 7.5 minute topographic quadrangles (see Appendix G). The coordinates of the dam are N40° 31.5' and W78° 21.4'.

- c. Size Classification. Small (37 feet high, 142 acre-feet storage capacity at top of dam).
- d. Hazard Classification. High (see Section 3.1.e).
- e. Ownership. Blair Gap Water Supply Company
Box 20 Greenwood Road
Altoona, Pennsylvania 16602
- f. Purpose. Water supply.
- g. Historical Data. A detailed report dated October 8, 1914, available in PennDER files, indicates that the Pottsgrove Dam was originally constructed in 1879 and served to supply water for the shops and steam locomotives of the Pennsylvania Railroad (P.R.R.) in Altoona. Property and water rights for the dam site were originally secured by the P.R.R. from the Altoona Water and Gas Company in 1857, at which time a small earth embankment was located at the site.

The present facility was designed by the P.R.R. Engineering Department and was constructed by Campbell Brothers, who was reported to be a leading contractor in the region during that era.

Near the turn of the century, ownership of the facility was transferred to the Blair Gap Water Supply Company, a subsidiary of the P.R.R. with main offices in Philadelphia.

As a result of a serious seepage problem caused by extensive root decay within the embankment, major modifications were made to the facility in 1918 (see Figure 2). The modifications resulted in the embankment being raised approximately 2 feet, the addition of an impervious upstream facing, the apparent flattening of the downstream slope which was reportedly 1-1/4H:1V, and the construction of a new and larger spillway (see Figures 3 and 4).

The new spillway channel was damaged by high water resulting from the flood of March 1936, which measured 1.7 feet below the top of dam or 2.3 feet above the spillway crest. The spillway crest was subsequently lowered by about 7 inches to its present elevation (see Figure 5). Also in 1936, a small grouting program was implemented at the left abutment that successfully stopped seepage in that area.

There have been no other major modifications to the facility in the 61 years since the 1918 rehabilitation. Correspondence contained in PennDER files document a history of continued maintenance and care with very few deficiencies cited. The latest correspondence available, dated 1972, however, describes a deteriorated spillway condition that still exists today.

The present owner remains the Blair Gap Water Supply Company; however, its parent firm is the General Waterworks Corporation which is a subsidiary of International Utility Conversion Systems (IUCS).

1.3 Pertinent Data.

- a. Drainage Area (square miles). 0.9 (local)
3.1 (total)

b. Discharge at Dam Site.

Discharge Capacity of the Outlet Conduits - Discharge curves are not available.

Discharge Capacity of Spillway at Maximum Pool - 2160 cfs (see Appendix C, Sheet 7).

- c. Elevation (feet above mean sea level). The following elevations were obtained through field measurements based on the elevation of the emergency spillway crest at 1328.8 feet.

Top of Dam	1333.3 (design)
	1333.0 (field)
Downstream Toe of Dam	1296
Maximum Design Pool	Not known
Maximum Pool of Record	Not known
Normal Pool	1328.8
Spillway Crest	1328.8
Upstream Inlet Invert	1290
Downstream Outlet Invert	1288
Streambed at Dam Centerline	1289
Maximum Tailwater	Not known

d. Reservoir Length (feet).

Top of Dam	800
Normal Pool	750

e. Storage (acre-feet).

Top of Dam	142
Normal Pool	104
Design Surcharge	Not known

f. Reservoir Surface (acres).

Top of Dam	10
Normal Pool	8
Maximum Design Pool	Not known

g. Dam.

Type	Rolled earth with concrete and masonry slope protection.
Length	900 feet (including spillway)
Height	37 feet (field measured - crest to downstream toe)
Top Width	11 feet (field)
Upstream Slope	2H:1V (field)
Downstream Slope	1.75H:1V (field)
Zoning	Upstream slope protected by concrete and mortared stone underlain by 3 to 4 feet of compacted clay. Embankment reportedly rolled impervious fill on upstream side and rolled coarse fill on downstream side. Downstream slope covered with loose, well graded stone.
Impervious Core	Concrete and mortared stone facing on upstream slope underlain by 3 to 4 feet of compacted clay.
Cutoff	5-foot wide cutoff trench constructed on upstream side as part of 1918 renovation. Consists of 2-foot thick concrete wall backed by 3 feet of clay

	puddle. Both carried to impervious stratum (hard shale).
Grout Curtain	Left abutment reportedly grouted in 1936 to check seepage. Program apparently successful.
h. <u>Diversion and Regulating Tunnels.</u>	None
i. <u>Spillway.</u>	
Type	Concrete and masonry chute channel with an uncontrolled, concrete, ogee-shaped weir crest located along right embankment.
Crest Elevation	1328.8
Crest Length	64 feet
j. <u>Outlet Conduit.</u>	
Supply Pipe	16-inch diameter C.I.P. through dam. 10- and 12-inch diameter C.I.P.'s from gate house.
Blowoff	16-inch diameter C.I.P.
Conduit Lengths	Approximately 150 feet from inlet to valves in gate house.
Closure and Regulating Facilities	Controlled by gate valves located in gate house at downstream toe.
Access	Gate house accessible from downstream toe of dam.

SECTION 2 ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design.

a. Design Data Availability and Sources. No design reports or calculations are available concerning any aspect of the facility. Design drawings and one as-built for the present facility are available in PennDER files; however, some drawings which were referenced in the old state inspection reports are not available. Correspondence and old state inspection reports available in PennDER files contain numerous design references and details.

b. Design Features.

1. Embankment. Information contained in PennDER files indicates that the embankment is a rolled earth structure composed primarily of two distinct materials. The upstream side is reportedly constructed with "selected material, free from stones, placed in horizontal layers and rolled;" whereas "rough material, stones, etc., placed in thin layers, harrowed, and sprinkled" comprises the downstream side. In 1918, the embankment was raised approximately 2 feet and the upstream slope was covered with a 3- to 4-foot layer of clay behind a 2-foot thick concrete facing (see Figure 3). Much of the concrete facing deteriorated and was eventually replaced in the early 1950's with a facing constructed of stone masonry (see Photographs 1 and 2). The downstream face is covered with a layer of loose stone on a 1.75H:1V slope (as per field measurement), while the upstream face slopes at 2H:1V.

Little information is available relative to the embankment foundation; however, data contained in PennDER files indicate that no separate core or cutoff walls were associated with the original facility. The 1918 renovation, however, included the construction of a 5-foot thick cutoff along the upstream toe composed of 3 feet of clay behind 2 feet of concrete carried to hard shale stratum (see Figures 3 and 4).

2. Appurtenant Structures.

a) Spillway. The spillway is a concrete and masonry chute channel with an uncontrolled concrete, ogee-shaped weir crest located along the right embankment, approximately 90 feet from the right abutment. The weir crest is 64 feet long and is flanked by concrete wingwalls which reach a height of 4.6 feet above the weir crest. The weir discharges directly into a rectangular, masonry-lined

channel; and then into a masonry-lined channel that curves downstream at an angle approximately parallel to the right embankment (see Figures 2, 4, and 5).

b) Outlet Works. Information contained in PennDER files indicates that the outlet works at Pottsgrove Dam consists of two 16-inch diameter pipes contained in a rubble masonry tunnel that leads through the dam. Both conduits are valved at the gate house which is located at the downstream toe of the embankment. At the gate house, the two 16-inch pipes are separated into a 16-inch blowoff line, a 10-inch diameter supply line and a 12-inch diameter supply line. Water company personnel stated that a 14-foot high, 16-inch diameter riser pipe was added to the supply line inlet in 1976 to reduce sediment intake. No drawings or correspondence were available from the water company or in PennDER files concerning this modification.

c. Design Data and Procedures.

1. Embankment. No design data or information relative to design procedures are available.

2. Appurtenant Structures. No design data or information relative to design procedures are available.

2.2 Construction Records.

No records pertaining to the construction of the original facility in 1879 are available. Semi-monthly progress reports and miscellaneous correspondence available in PennDER files provide some record of the rehabilitation construction that occurred in 1918.

2.3 Operating Records.

No pool level, rainfall, or spillway discharge records are available for the facility on a regular basis. Rainfall and spillway discharge data for the major flood of April 1936 are available in PennDER files. Daily rainfall in the Altoona area for the period of April 16 through 19, 1936 was 0.65, 4.10, 1.16, and 0.65 inches, respectively. The maximum discharge over the spillway was reported to be 2.32 feet and the 16-inch diameter blowoff was opened with an estimated discharge of 16 cfs.

During the Hurricane Agnes flood of June 1972, discharges of 8 and 5 inches over the spillway were reported to have occurred on June 24 and 25, respectively. Reports relative to maintenance, valve adjustments, and water quality data are prepared daily and are available from the owner.

2.4 Other Investigations.

Two reports dated October 8, 1914, and October 16, 1918, are available in PennDER files which provide historical documentation, design and construction information, and performance details for the original and rehabilitated facilities. PennDER files also contain approximately ten brief inspection reports for the period 1918 through 1971.

2.5 Evaluation.

Historical reports indicate the facility was originally constructed in 1879 and was of questionable design having a downstream slope of 1-1/4H:1V. Leakage (reportedly caused by root decay) prompted substantial modifications in 1918, details of which are verified by correspondence and by at least one as-built drawing. PennDER inspection reports and general correspondence indicate the facility has performed adequately, with concrete deterioration being the most significant problem.

The available data, although limited, are considered sufficient to make a reasonable Phase I assessment of the facility.

SECTION 3 VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Observations.

a. General. The general appearance of the overall facility suggests that it is in fair condition.

b. Embankment. Observations made during the visual inspection indicate the embankment to be in good condition. Minor deficiencies include conditions observed on both the upstream and downstream faces. The downstream face is protected with a layer of loose, well graded rock. Field measurements indicated that this face was sloped at roughly 1.75H:1V. The steepness of the slope has apparently caused some movement of the loose rock facing near the crest of the embankment, leaving the area unprotected and prone to minor erosion. No seepage through the embankment face or at the downstream toe was observed. The portion of the upstream embankment slope faced with concrete was found to be in poor condition. The concrete was extensively cracked and spalled. On the other hand, that portion of the slope faced with mortared stone masonry was observed to be in excellent condition, with no signs of any deterioration evident (see Photographs 1 and 2). Aside from the above deficiencies, the embankment appears to be well maintained.

c. Appurtenant Structures.

1. Spillway. The visual inspection revealed the spillway to be in fair condition. The ogee-shaped weir crest and wingwalls are extensively cracked and spalled (see Photographs 5 and 6). The deteriorated condition of the weir is in contrast to the overall good condition of the spillway discharge channel (see Photographs 7 and 8).

2. Outlet Works. The outlet works at Pottsgrove Dam are functional, well maintained, and in good condition (see Photographs 3 and 4). The blowoff was operated in the presence of the inspection team while the remaining valves were all reported to be operable. There are no apparent upstream controls and the function and condition of the masonry tunnel (see Photograph 3) are unknown. No leakage was observed near the tunnel entrance.

d. Reservoir Area. The general area surrounding the reservoir is heavily forested with steep slopes. No signs of slope distress were observed.

e. Downstream Channel. The stream into which the spillway chute channel discharges flows in a northwesterly direction through a residential valley. The first downstream residence is located approximately 580 feet downstream from the dam (see Photograph 10). Within the next 1,500 or so feet, approximately 10 homes are located adjacent the stream before Kettle Creek passes beneath U. S. Route 220. Development along Kettle Creek is such that a sudden breach of the embankment could possibly result in a substantial loss of life and extensive property damage.

3.2 Evaluation.

The overall condition of the facility is considered to be fair. Deficiencies noted by the inspection team included minor erosion of the downstream slope near the embankment crest and deteriorated concrete associated with both the spillway weir and upstream embankment slope. In addition, there are no provisions for controlling conduit flow at the intakes.

SECTION 4 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Normal Operating Procedure.

The manager of the water company stated that under normal operating conditions, the supply valves are open. The blowoff is opened every spring to insure its operability, or as needed. The facility is otherwise self-regulating.

4.2 Maintenance of Dam.

No formal maintenance program exists at this facility. Maintenance is performed on an unscheduled basis. The dam is visited daily to take equipment readings, and a weekly report is prepared concerning the operation and maintenance of the facility which primarily deals with water supply aspects.

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities.

See Section 4.2 above.

4.4 Warning System.

No formal warning system is in effect; however, the owner currently is attempting to develop a plan in conjunction with the local Civil Defense and neighboring communities.

4.5 Evaluation.

No formal operations or maintenance manuals are available for the facility although weekly records of operation and maintenance (if performed) are prepared. No formal warning system exists but the owner is attempting to formulate a plan in conjunction with the Civil Defense and neighboring communities. Formal manuals are recommended to ensure continued maintenance and safety.

SECTION 5 HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC EVALUATION

5.1 Design Data.

No pertinent design data, calculations, or reports are available. Information relative to the design of the facility is limited to that which can be inferred from the several drawings and state inspection reports available in PennDER files.

5.2 Experience Data.

Daily records of rainfall or spillway discharge have never been maintained at this facility. Information is contained in PennDER files which pertains to conditions observed during the flood of March 1936. Limited data are also available for the flood of June 1972, from the owner.

5.3 Visual Observations.

Based on visual observations, the spillway is in fair condition, but requires remedial work to repair the deteriorated condition of the spillway weir and sidewall concrete. At this time the above condition does not appear to threaten the stability of the structure and, consequently, the spillway will likely operate satisfactorily, within the limits of its design, during a flood event.

5.4 Method of Analysis.

The facility has been analyzed in accordance with procedures and guidelines established by the U. S. Army, Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, for Phase I hydrologic and hydraulic evaluations. The analysis has been performed utilizing a modified version of the HEC-1 program developed by the U. S. Army, Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center, Davis, California. Analytical capabilities of the program are briefly outlined in the preface contained in Appendix C.

5.5 Summary of Analysis.

a. Spillway Design Flood (SDF). In accordance with procedures and guidelines contained in the National Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams for Phase I Investiga-

tions, the Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for Pottsgrove Dam ranges between the 1/2 PMF (Probable Maximum Flood) and the PMF. This classification is based on the relative size of the dam (small), and the potential hazard of dam failure to downstream developments (high). Due to the high potential for damage to many residences as well as to the presence of an upstream impoundment, the SDF for this facility is considered to be the PMF.

b. Results of Analysis. Pottsgrove Dam was analyzed under normal operating conditions. That is, the reservoir was initially at its normal pool or spillway elevation of approximately 1328.8 feet (MSL) with the low-level blowoff line closed. The spillway is a combination concrete and masonry chute channel with an uncontrolled, concrete, ogee-shaped weir. The upstream Brush Mountain Dam was also evaluated, in this analysis, to assess its impact on the Pottsgrove Dam. It too was investigated under normal operating conditions. That is, the Brush Mountain Dam reservoir was initially at its normal pool or spillway elevation of approximately 1718.3 feet (MSL) with its low-level blowoff line closed. The Brush Mountain Dam spillway is a combination concrete and masonry chute channel with discharges regulated via a rectangular, concrete, critical flow section. Necessary downstream channel routing was done under the assumption that the stream was dry prior to the inflow of dam outflows. Although a small fire dam is located about midway between the Pottsgrove and Brush Mountain Dams, the reservoir area of this facility is almost totally silted in, and thus, was neglected in this analysis. All pertinent engineering calculations relative to the evaluations of Pottsgrove and Brush Mountain Dams are provided in Appendices C and C-1, respectively.

Overtopping analysis (using the Modified HEC-1 computer program) indicated that the discharge/storage capacity of Pottsgrove Dam can accommodate only about 26 percent of the PMF (the SDF) prior to the overtopping of its embankment, while the discharge/storage capacity of Brush Mountain Dam can accommodate about 46 percent of the PMF before embankment overtopping (Appendix C, Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheets O and P). The low top of dam of Pottsgrove Dam was inundated by depths of water of 1.3 and 2.4 feet under the 1/2 PMF and PMF events, respectively (Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheet P). On the other hand, the Brush Mountain Dam was inundated by water depths of 0.1 and 1.1 feet under the 1/2 PMF and PMF events, respectively (Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheet O). Therefore, since the SDF of each of these facilities is the PMF, both the Pottsgrove and Brush Mountain Dams have a high potential for overtopping, and thus, for breaching under floods of less than SDF magnitude.

Since the Pottsgrove Dam facility cannot safely handle a flood of at least 1/2 PMF magnitude, the possibility of embankment failure under floods of 1/2 PMF intensity or less was investigated (in accordance with ETL-1110-2-234). Several feasible alternatives were analyzed since it is difficult, if not impossible, to determine exactly how or if a specific dam will fail. The major concern of the breaching evaluations is with the impact of the various breach discharges on increasing downstream water surface elevations above those to be expected if breaching did not occur.

The Modified HEC-1 computer program was used for the breaching analysis with the assumption that the breaching of a dam would begin once its reservoir's water level reached the low top of dam elevation.

Two sets of breach geometry were evaluated for the Pottsgrove Dam for each of two failure times (Appendix C, Sheet 9). The two sets of breach sections chosen were considered to be the minimum and maximum probable failure sections. The two failure times (total time for each breach section to reach its final dimensions) under which the two breach sections were investigated were assumed to be a moderately rapid time (0.75 hours) and a prolonged time (4.0 hours), so that the possible upper and lower limits of this most sensitive variable might be examined. In addition, an average or more probable set of breach conditions was analyzed, with a failure time of 2.0 hours.

The Pottsgrove Dam peak breach outflows (resulting from a 0.3 PMF overtopping) ranged from about 2690 cfs for the minimum section-prolonged fail time scheme, to about 6940 cfs for the maximum section-minimum fail time scheme (Appendix C, Sheet 11). The outflow for the average breach condition was about 4180 cfs, compared to the non-breach 0.3 PMF peak facility outflow of about 2590 cfs (Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheet P). The water surface elevation corresponding to the non-breach 0.3 PMF peak discharge at a section (Section 5) located 580 feet downstream from the dam was approximately 1281.8 feet (MSL), and approximately 1262.0 feet (MSL) at a section (Section 6) located 1,020 feet downstream from the dam (Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheet P). The water surface elevations corresponding to the average condition peak breach outflow at the two above-mentioned downstream sections were 1282.5 feet (MSL) and 1263.1 feet (MSL), respectively (Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheet U). The approximate elevation of the first house located at Section 5 is about 1282.5 feet (MSL). The approximate elevations of the two houses located at Section 6 are about 1261.0 feet (MSL) and 1262.5 feet (MSL) (field measured). Therefore, the increase in the water surface at Section 5 caused by the

Pottsgrove Dam was about 0.7 feet, with the breach water surface just at the damage level of the house. The increase in the water surface at Section 6, caused by the failure of the dam, was about 1.1 feet, with the breach water surface above the damage levels of both houses (although one of the two houses would experience flooding even without breaching).

In addition to the failure of Pottsgrove Dam alone under 0.3 PMF conditions, the possibility of the failures of both Pottsgrove and Brush Mountain Dams under 1/2 PMF conditions exists. The Brush Mountain Dam was evaluated according to its average set of breach conditions including a failure time equal to 2.0 hours (Appendix C-1, Sheet 11), as was Pottsgrove Dam. The peak breach outflow from Brush Mountain Dam was about 11260 cfs with a routed contribution to the Pottsgrove Dam reservoir inflow of about 10660 cfs (Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheet BB). The peak breach outflow from Pottsgrove Dam was then about 12350 cfs, which resulted in water surface elevations of approximately 1285.1 feet (MSL) and 1266.7 feet (MSL) at Sections 5 and 6, respectively (Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheet BB). The non-breach 1/2 PMF water surface elevations at Sections 5 and 6 were approximately 1282.7 feet (MSL) and 1263.4 feet (MSL), respectively, corresponding to a peak non-breach outflow of about 4530 cfs (Summary Input/Output Sheets, Sheet P). This indicates that all of the houses would experience some flooding even without dam failure. Nonetheless, the increases in the downstream water surfaces (above the base elevations) caused by the failures of both the Pottsgrove and Brush Mountain Dams were significant with a 2.4-foot increase at Section 5 and a 3.3-foot increase at Section 6.

The consequences of dam failure can be better envisioned if not only the increase in the height of the floodwave is considered, but also the great increase in the momentum that the larger and probably swifter moving volume of water will possess. Therefore, the failure of Pottsgrove Dam caused by either a flood or the failure of the upstream Brush Mountain Dam is quite possible, and will most probably lead to increased property damage and loss of life in the downstream community.

5.6 Spillway Adequacy.

As presented previously, under existing conditions Pottsgrove Dam can accommodate only about 26 percent of the PMF (the SDF) prior to the overtopping of its embankment. Should an 0.3 PMF or larger event occur, the dam will be overtopped and will possibly fail, endangering many residences in the immediate downstream area. Therefore, the spillway of Pottsgrove Dam is considered to be seriously inadequate.

SECTION 6 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY

6.1 Visual Observations.

a. Embankment. Based on visual observations, the embankment appeared to be in good condition. The downstream slope at 1.75H:1V is steeper than that which would likely be considered acceptable by modern engineering standards; however, its apparent zoning and lack of seepage are favorable factors indicating adequate design. Minor erosion was observed near the embankment crest where some of the rock slope protection has been lost due to apparent movement. Nevertheless, no seepage was observed through the embankment face or along the downstream toe. The concrete that protects a portion of the upstream face is badly deteriorated and should be repaired promptly.

b. Appurtenant Structures.

1. Spillway. The spillway is in fair condition. Immediate attention should be given to repairing deteriorated portions of the spillway weir and wingwalls before the condition advances to a state that would threaten the stability of the structure.

2. Outlet Works. The outlet works are in good condition. The blowoff valve was operated in the presence of the field team and all other operating mechanisms are reported to be functional. A means of controlling flow at the inlet is not available and should be provided.

6.2 Design and Construction Techniques.

No information is available that details the methods of design. Historical reports indicate that embankment materials were placed in thin layers and compacted. The structure is, in essence, a zoned embankment.

6.3 Past Performance.

Information contained in PennDER files indicates that the facility was constructed in 1879, and modified substantially in 1918. In March 1936 after flood waters rose to within a foot of the embankment crest, the spillway crest was lowered by seven inches. Documented data indicate adequate past performance with minor deficiencies related to seepage and concrete deterioration.

6.4 Seismic Stability.

The dam is located in Seismic Zone No. 1 and is thus subject to minor earthquake induced dynamic forces. As the overall stability of the embankment appears adequate and the embankment is primarily constructed of compacted residual soils, it is thought that the facility can withstand such minor earthquake induced dynamic forces. However, no calculations and/or investigations were performed to confirm this opinion.

SECTION 7
ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment.

a. Safety. Visual observations indicate the overall facility to be in fair condition. Hydrologic and hydraulic calculations performed during this investigation indicate that the facility will pass and/or store only 26 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) prior to overtopping. Based on screening criteria supplied by the Department of the Army, Office of Chief of Engineers, the spillway is deemed to be "seriously inadequate" and the facility is considered "unsafe, non-emergency."

Structural deficiencies noted by the inspection team included minor erosion of the downstream slope near the embankment crest and deteriorated concrete associated with both the spillway weir and wingwalls and the upstream embankment slope. Additionally, there are no provisions for controlling flow at the inlets to the outlet conduits.

b. Adequacy of Information. The available information is considered sufficient to make a general assessment of the facility.

c. Urgency. Because of the seriously inadequate spillway, a formal warning system should be immediately implemented. Other studies and remedial action, as recommended below, should be implemented without undue delay.

d. Necessity For Additional Investigations. Additional investigations to more accurately ascertain the hydraulic adequacy of the facility are considered necessary.

7.2 Recommendations/Remedial Measures.

Due to the seriously inadequate spillway classification, the facility is considered unsafe. Failure is not considered imminent; however, it is recommended that the owner immediately develop a warning system to notify downstream residents should hazardous conditions develop. Included in the plan should be provisions for around-the-clock surveillance of the facility during periods of unusually heavy precipitation.

In addition, it is recommended that the owner:

a. Have the facility studied by a registered professional engineer experienced in hydraulics and hydrology of

dams, and implement measures necessary to make the facility hydraulically adequate.

b. Repair the deteriorated concrete portions of the upstream slope protection and the spillway system. (Repairs to the spillway may be inherent to the results of the above recommended study.)

c. Provide a means for controlling flow at the inlets of the outlet conduits should an emergency condition develop.

d. Seed the areas of minor erosion along the downstream embankment slope near the crest level or reset the stone slope protection.

e. Develop a formal operation and maintenance manual to ensure the continued proper care of the facility.

APPENDIX A
CHECK LIST - ENGINEERING DATA

CHECK LIST
ENGINEERING DATA
PHASE I

NAME OF DAM: Pottsgrove Dam
NDI#: PA-00527 PENNDR#: 7-19

PAGE 1 OF 5

ITEM	REMARKS	NDI# PA - 527
PERSONS INTERVIEWED AND TITLE	Mr. James Dodson - Manager, Blair Gap Water Supply Company.	
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	See Appendix G (U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute topographic quadrangles Bellwood and Frankstown, Pennsylvania).	
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	Detailed in two reports by PennDER predecessors dated October 8, 1914 and October 16, 1918. Both available in PennDER files.	
AVAILABLE DRAWINGS	PennDER files contain four drawings (one an as-built) of 1918 renovation.	
TYPICAL DAM SECTIONS	Figure 3 - Proposed 1918 renovation. Figure 4 - As-built 1918 section.	
OUTLETS: PLAN DETAILS DISCHARGE RATINGS	No drawings available. Descriptions contained in state inspection reports. Available from PennDER files.	

ENGINEERING DATA (CONTINUED)

PAGE 2 OF 5

ITEM	REMARKS	NDIM PA - 527
SPILLWAY: PLAN SECTION DETAILS	See Figures 2, 4 and 5.	
OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS AND DETAILS	None available.	
DESIGN REPORTS	None available.	
GEOLOGY REPORTS	None available.	
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS: HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS STABILITY ANALYSES SEEPAGE ANALYSES	None available.	
MATERIAL INVESTIGATIONS: BORING RECORDS LABORATORY TESTING FIELD TESTING		

ITEM	REMARKS	NDIM PA - 527
BORROW SOURCES	Not known. Probably from within reservoir.	
POST CONSTRUCTION DAM SURVEYS	None of record.	
POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	About ten state inspection reports available since 1918.	
HIGH POOL RECORDS	PennDER files have data from 1936 flood. Blair Gap (Altoona Office) records show 8" over spillway on June 24, 1972; 5" over spillway on June 25, 1972. Not necessarily maximum flow during storm.	
MONITORING SYSTEMS	Flow meters on supply lines and other water quality devices only. No staff or rain gages.	
MODIFICATIONS	Facility completely rehabilitated in 1918 (See Figures 2, 3 and 4). Spillway crest lowered in 1936 (See Figure 5). Added 16-inch diameter riser (14-foot high), with top screen, to intake pipe in 1975 or 1976. Reservoir drained and showed little sediment.	

ENGINEERING DATA (CONTINUED)

PAGE 4 OF 5

ITEM	REMARKS	NDI#	PA	527
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURES	Spillway channel scoured severely during 1936 flood.			
MAINTENANCE: RECORDS MANUAL	No formal manual or program. Maintained on unscheduled basis. Weekly reports submitted related to water supply but have maintenance items included if any performed.			
OPERATION: RECORDS MANUAL	Same as above. Valve adjustments indicated on weekly report.			
OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES	Supply line valves always open. Open blowoff line valve every spring to clean out sediment. Otherwise, self-regulating.			
WARNING SYSTEM AND/OR COMMUNICATION FACILITIES	In process. Working with Civil Defense and neighboring communities to set up system. Civil Defense called manager during storm of June 1972 and personnel were dispatched to dam.			
MISCELLANEOUS	Future plans may call for abandonment of three Blair Gap Water Supply Dams: Pottsgrove Dam, Fire Dam and Brush Mountain Dam (Kettle Dam).			

CHECK LIST
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC
ENGINEERING DATA

NDI ID # PA-00527
PENN DER ID # 7-19
PAGE 5 OF 5

SIZE OF DRAINAGE AREA: 0.9 square miles (local); 3.1 square miles (total)
ELEVATION TOP NORMAL POOL: 1328.8 STORAGE CAPACITY: 104 acre-feet
ELEVATION TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL: - STORAGE CAPACITY: -
ELEVATION MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL: - STORAGE CAPACITY: -
ELEVATION TOP DAM: 1333.0 STORAGE CAPACITY: 142 acre-feet

SPILLWAY DATA

CREST ELEVATION: 1328.8
TYPE: Concrete and masonry chute channel with an uncontrolled concrete ogee-shaped weir crest.
CREST LENGTH: 64 feet
CHANNEL LENGTH: about 400 feet
SPILLOVER LOCATION: Near right abutment
NUMBER AND TYPE OF GATES: None

OUTLET WORKS

TYPE: 16-inch diameter supply intake; 16-inch diameter blowoff
LOCATION: Near center of embankment.
ENTRANCE INVERTS: Approximately 1290
EXIT INVERTS: Approximately 1288 feet at downstream valve
EMERGENCY DRAWDOWN FACILITIES: 16-inch diameter blowoff pipe valved on downstream toe. Functiona

HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL GAGES

TYPE: None
LOCATION: -
RECORDS: -

MAXIMUM NON-DAMAGING DISCHARGE: 2.23 feet over spillway, April 1936

APPENDIX B

CHECK LIST - VISUAL INSPECTION

CHECK LIST
VISUAL INSPECTION
PHASE 1

PAGE 1 OF 8

NAME OF DAM Pottsgrove Dam STATE Pennsylvania COUNTY Blair

NDI# PA - 527 PENNDR# 7-19

TYPE OF DAM earth SIZE small HAZARD CATEGORY high

DATE(S) INSPECTION 18 May 1979 WEATHER clear TEMPERATURE 70° 0 5:00 PM

POOL ELEVATION AT TIME OF INSPECTION 1328.8 M.S.L.

TAILWATER AT TIME OF INSPECTION N/A M.S.L.

INSPECTION PERSONNEL

B. M. Mihalcin

W. J. Veon

D. L. Bonk

OWNER REPRESENTATIVES

John Davinizer (water

company employee)

OTHERS

RECORDED BY D. L. Bonk

EMBANKMENT

PAGE 8 OF 8

ITEM	OBSERVATIONS AND/OR REMARKS	NDI# PA - 527
SURFACE CRACKS	None observed.	
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	None observed	
SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT SLOPES	Minor sloughing along the downstream face immediately below the crest. Stone slope protection is sparse along this area.	
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST	Horizontal - good Vertical - good	
RIPRAP FAILURES	No loose stone riprap. Upstream slope is protected by a combination of concrete and mortared stone. Cracking evident especially in concrete areas.	
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM	Good.	

EMBANKMENT

PAGE 3 OF 8

ITEM	OBSERVATIONS AND/OR REMARKS	NDI# PA - 527
DAMP AREAS IRREGULAR VEGETATION (LUSH OR DEAD PLANTS)	None observed along embankment or immediate downstream toe.	
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	Small seep (possibly drainage) discharging into the plunge pool approximately 150 feet from downstream toe.	
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER	None observed.	
DRAINS	Weep holes observed in spillway wingwalls. Not discharging during inspection.	

OUTLET WORKS

ITEM	OBSERVATIONS AND/OR REMARKS	NDIN PA - 527
INTAKE STRUCTURE	Submerged, not observed.	
OUTLET CONDUIT (CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES)	Cast iron conduit blowoff whose visible portions appear to be in good condition.	
OUTLET STRUCTURE	Masonry structure housing the valves on the blowoff and supply lines. The facility appears to be adequately maintained and in good condition.	
OUTLET CHANNEL	Unlined, vegetated channel of varying cross-section located about 50 feet downstream of the gate house. The outlet channel converges with the spillway discharge channel about 300 feet below the downstream embankment toe.	
GATE(S) AND OPERATIONAL EQUIPMENT	a) Blowoff operated during inspection. b) All valves associated with the distribution system are reported operable. c) Aeration and chlorination equipment observed in separate structure located at the downstream toe.	

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY

PAGE 5 OF 8

ITEM	OBSERVATIONS AND/OR REMARKS	NDIN PA -
TYPE AND CONDITION	Chute channel spillway with uncontrolled ogee-crested weir located at right abutment. Weir is constructed of concrete. Concrete is cracked and deteriorated and presently in poor condition.	
APPROACH CHANNEL	Not applicable.	
SPILLWAY CHANNEL AND SIDEWALLS	Mortared stone channel and sidewalls in good condition.	
STILLING BASIN PLUNGE POOL	Two small, hand-placed, rock dam structures form two small pools that act as plunge pools approximately 150 feet downstream of the spillway crest.	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Natural stream and channel.	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	None	
EMERGENCY GATES	None	

SERVICE SPILLWAY

PAGE 6 OF 8

ITEM	OBSERVATIONS AND/OR REMARKS	NDI# PA - 527
TYPE AND CONDITION	N/A	
APPROACH CHANNEL	N/A	
OUTLET STRUCTURE	N/A	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	N/A	

INSTRUMENTATION

PAGE 8 OF 8

ITEM	OBSERVATIONS AND/OR REMARKS	NDI# PA - 527
MONUMENTATION SURVEYS	None observed.	
OBSERVATION WELLS	None observed.	
WEIRS	Remnants of two small weirs located upstream at the point of inflow were observed and are currently non-functional.	
PIEZOMETERS	None observed.	
OTHERS		

ITEM	OBSERVATIONS AND/OR REMARKS
SLOPES: RESERVOIR	Steep and heavily forested.
SEDIMENTATION	None observed directly; however, discharge through the blowoff conduit was sediment laden.
DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	Several wooden foot bridges cross the stream channel between the embankment and U. S. Route 220 located about 2,000 feet downstream.
SLOPES: CHANNEL VALLEY	Moderately sloping terrain with a combination of residential and wooded ground cover.
APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF HOMES AND POPULATION	Within 2000 feet of the dam, approximately 12 homes could possibly be affected by a sudden failure of the dam (estimated population 30-40). Many more homes could possibly be affected further downstream as the channel crosses through the community of Greenwood.
UPSTREAM IMPOUNDMENTS	An intermediate size dam (Brush Mountain Dam) is located about 1.6 miles upstream from the Pottsgrove Dam, and could have a significant impact on the evaluation of Pottsgrove Dam. A small fire dam is located about midway between Pottsgrove and Brush Mountain Dams, but should have no impact on the Pottsgrove analysis, since its reservoir is virtually silted in.

APPENDIX C
HYDRAULICS/HYDROLOGY

PREFACE

The modified HEC-1 program is capable of performing two basic types of hydrologic analyses: (1) the evaluation of the overtopping potential of the dam; and (2) the estimation of the downstream hydrologic-hydraulic consequences resulting from assumed structural failures of the dam. Briefly, the computational procedures typically used in the dam overtopping analysis are as follows:

- a. Development of an inflow hydrograph(s) to the reservoir.
- b. Routing of the inflow hydrograph(s) through the reservoir to determine if the event(s) analyzed would overtop the dam.
- c. Routing of the outflow hydrograph(s) from the reservoir to desired downstream locations. The results provide the peak discharge(s), time(s) of the peak discharge(s), and the maximum stage(s) of each routed hydrograph at the downstream end of each reach.

The evaluation of the hydrologic-hydraulic consequences resulting from an assumed structural failure (breach) of the dam is typically performed as outlined below.

- a. Development of an inflow hydrograph(s) to the reservoir.
- b. Routing of the inflow hydrograph(s) through the reservoir.
- c. Development of a failure hydrograph(s) based on specific breach criteria and normal reservoir outflow.
- d. Routing of the failure hydrograph(s) to desired downstream locations. The results provide estimates of the peak discharge(s), time(s) to peak, and maximum water surface elevation(s) of the failure hydrograph(s) for each location.

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTS GROVE DAM
BY WJV DATE 6-11-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527
CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 1 OF 12



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

DAM STATISTICS

HEIGHT OF DAM \approx 37 FT (FIELD MEASURED)

MAXIMUM POOL STORAGE CAPACITY \approx 142 ACFT (FROM HEC-1)
@ TOP OF DAM

NORMAL POOL STORAGE CAPACITY \approx 104 ACFT (SEE NOTE 1)

DRAINAGE AREA \approx 0.9 SQ MI (LOCAL)
3.1 SQ MI (TOTAL)

[PLANIMETERED OFF USGS 7.5
MINUTE BELLWOOD AND
FRANKTOWN, PA QUADS]

NOTE 1: STORAGE CAPACITY VALUE OBTAINED FROM "REPORT UPON
THE APPLICATION OF THE BLAIR GAP WATER SUPPLY COMPANY
FOR THE MAKING A CHANGE IN THE SPILLWAY OF THE POTTS GROVE
DAM ON KETTLE CREEK, LOGAN TOWNSHIP, BLAIR COUNTY,
PENNSYLVANIA", AS FOUND IN PENN DER FILES. THE
ACTUAL REPORTED VALUE WAS 34 MILLION GALLONS.

DAM CLASSIFICATION

DAM SIZE - SMALL (REF 1, TABLE 1)

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION - HIGH (FIELD OBSERVATION)

REQUIRED SDF - $\frac{1}{2}$ PMF TO PMF (REF 1, TABLE 2)

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV DATE 6-11-79 PROJ. NO. 79-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 2 OF 12



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS

LENGTH OF LONGEST WATERCOURSE ≈ 2.0 MI

LCA ≈ 0.8 MI (MEASURED ALONG LONGEST WATERCOURSE
FROM DAM TO CENTROID OF BASIN)

NOTE 2: VALUES OF L AND LCA ARE MEASURED FROM USGS
7.5 MINUTE BELLWOOD AND FRANKSTOWN, PA QUADS.
ALL VARIABLES ARE DEFINED IN REF 2 IN THE
SECTION ENTITLED, "SNYDER SYNTHETIC UNIT
HYDROGRAPH".

$C_t \approx 1.5$

$C_p \approx 0.55$

[SUPPLIED BY COE; ZONE 21
SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN]

$t_p = \text{SNYDER'S STANDARD LAG} \approx 1.5 (L \times LCA)^{0.2}$

$\therefore t_p \approx 1.5 (2.0 \times 0.8)^{0.2} \approx 1.73 \text{ HR}$

RESERVOIR SURFACE AREAS

SURFACE AREA (SA) @ NORMAL POOL EL 1328.8 ≈ 9 AC

NOTE 3: NORMAL POOL EL 1328.8 OBTAINED FROM APPENDIX F,
FIG 5 (PROPOSED CREST). NORMAL POOL SURFACE AREA
OF 9 AC FOUND IN PENDING FILES AND CHECKED BY
ESTIMATION FROM FIG 2.

SA @ EL 1340 ≈ 13.7 AC

[PLANIMETERED OFF USGS 7.5
MINUTE BELLWOOD, PA QUAD]

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV

DATE

6-11-79

PROJ. NO. 78-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB

DATE

6-19-79

SHEET NO. 3 OF 12



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

RATE OF SA INCREASE PER FOOT OF RESERVOIR RISE:

$$\Delta A / \Delta H \approx (13.7 - 8) \text{ AC} / (1340 - 1326.8) \approx 0.51 \text{ AC/FT}$$

SA @ Low Top of DAM EL 1333.0 \approx 10.1 AC (ROUGHLY CHECKED
VIA FIG 2, APPEND. F)

RESERVOIR ELEVATION @ "O" STORAGE

NORMAL POOL VOLUME \approx $\frac{1}{3}$ HA \approx 104 AC-FT (CONTIC METHOD)

SA @ NORMAL POOL EL 1328.8 \approx 8 AC (NOTE 3)

$$\therefore H \approx (104 \text{ AC-FT}) / (8 \text{ AC}) \approx 39.0 \text{ FT}$$

ZERO VOLUME ELEVATION \approx 1328.8 - 39 \approx 1289.8 FT
(CORRESPONDS TO INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON FIG 2, APPEND. F)

RESERVOIR ELEVATION - STORAGE RELATIONSHIP

COMPUTED INTERNALLY VIA THE HEC-1 PROGRAM
BASED ON GIVEN SURFACE AREA VS ELEVATION
INFORMATION. (SEE SUMMARY INPUT/OUTPUT SHEETS).

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
 BY WJV DATE 6-11-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 4 OF 12



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
 Environmental Specialists

PMP CALCULATIONS

- STANDARD RAINFALL INDEX = 22.2 INCHES (REF 9, FIG 2)
 (CORRESPONDING TO A DURATION OF 24 HOURS
 AND AN AREA OF 200 SQ. MI.)
- GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 105 % (REF 9, FIG 1)
 (CORRESPONDING TO A LONGITUDE OF 78° 21'
 AND A LATITUDE OF 40° 31')
- CORRECTED RAINFALL INDEX $\approx (22.2 \text{ IN})(1.05) \approx 23.3 \text{ IN.}$
- LOCAL DRAINAGE AREA $\approx 0.9 \text{ SQ. MI.}$ HOWEVER, THE STORM
 WILL BE CENTERED OVER THE TOTAL DA ABOVE POTTSGROVE
 DAM $\approx 3.1 \text{ SQ. MI.} \Rightarrow$ ASSUME THAT THE 10 SQ. MI. VALUE
 CAN EFFECTIVELY REPRESENT THE 3.1 SQ. MI. AREA :

DURATION (HR)	PERCENT OF INDEX RAINFALL
6	117.5
12	127.0
24	136.0
48	142.5
72	145.0

- HOP BROOK FACTOR (ADJUSTMENT FOR BASIN SHAPE AS WELL AS FOR THE
 LESSEER LIKELIHOOD OF A SEVERE STORM CENTERING OVER A SMALLER
 BASIN) CORRESPONDING TO A DA $\approx 3.1 \text{ SQ. MI.} (< 10 \text{ SQ. MI.}) \Rightarrow 0.90$ (REF 4, P-45)

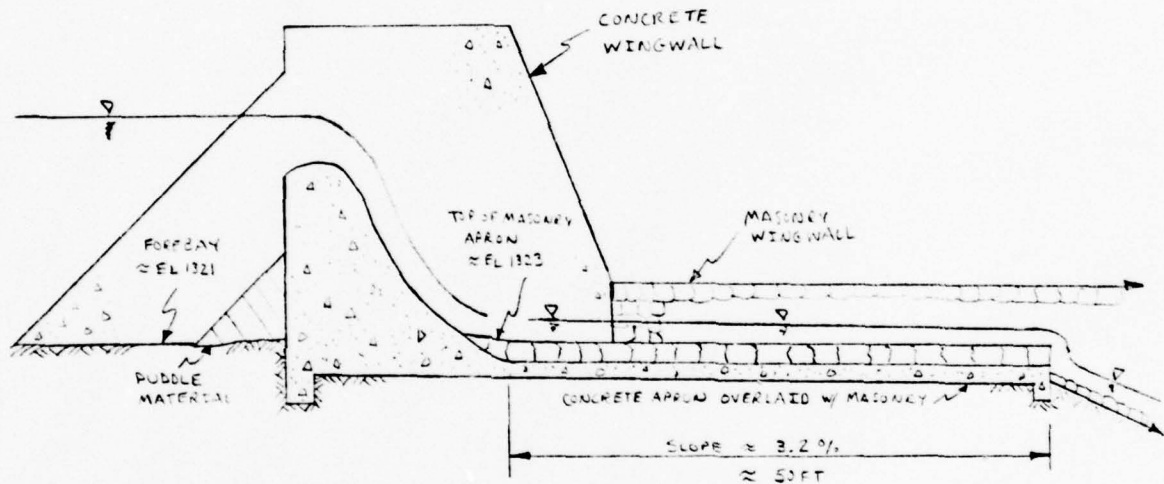
SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
 BY WJV DATE 6-12-79 PROJ. NO. 73-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 5 OF 12

gai
 CONSULTANTS.

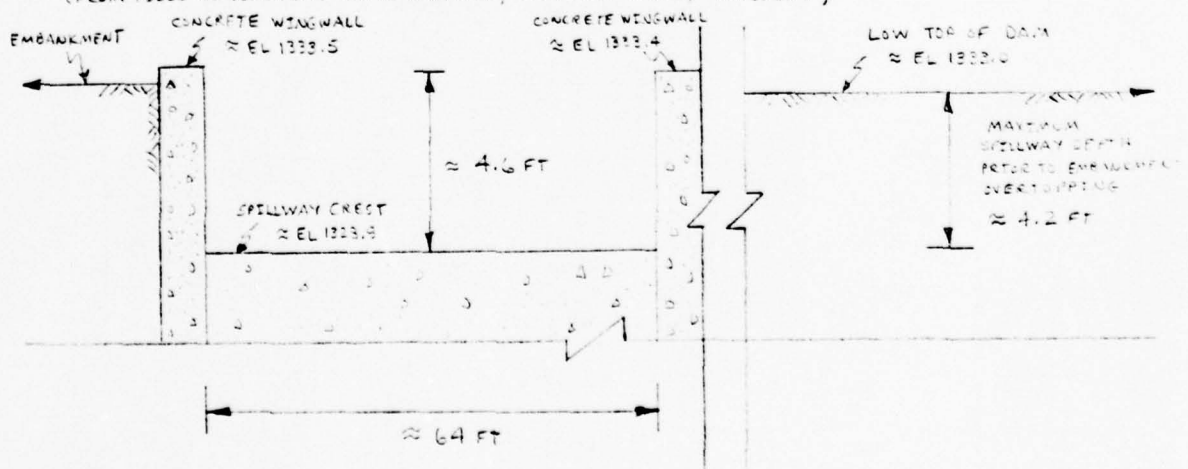
Engineers • Geologists • Planners
 Environmental Specialists

SPILLWAY CAPACITY

- PROFILE OF SPILLWAY : (NOT TO SCALE)
 (FROM FIELD MEASUREMENT AND OBSERVATION; AND FIGS 4 AND 5, APPENDIX F)



- CROSS-SECTION OF SPILLWAY : (NOT TO SCALE)
 (FROM FIELD MEASUREMENT AND OBSERVATION; AND FIGS 4 AND 5, APPENDIX F)



SECTION TAKEN LOOKING US TOWARD SPILLWAY

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY

WJV

DATE

6-12-79

PROJ. NO.

76-G17-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-19-79

SHEET NO.

6 OF 12

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

- DISCHARGES OVER THE OGEE-CRESTED WEIR OF THE SPILLWAY ARE DEFINED BY :

$$Q = CLH^{3/2} \quad (\text{REF 4, PG 373})$$

WHERE Q = DISCHARGE, IN CFS ;

L = LENGTH OF WEIR CREST ≈ 64 FT ;

H = HEAD ABOVE WEIR CREST ≈ 4.2 FT PRIOR TO EMBANKMENT OVERTOPPING ; AND

C = DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT = f (FOREBAY DEPTH, APRON ELEVATION, APPROACH CHANNEL LOSSES, AND DESIGN HEAD).

- DETERMINATION OF "C" COEFFICIENT :

a) FOREBAY DEPTH = $1329.8 - 1321 \approx 7.8$ FT (SHEET 5)
ASSUME DESIGN HEAD ≈ 4.2 FT

$$\therefore \text{FOREBAY DEPTH} / \text{DESIGN HEAD} = P/H_0 \approx 7.8/4.2 \approx 1.86$$

$$\Rightarrow C_0 \approx 3.93 \quad (\text{REF 4, PG 373, FIG 247})$$

b) UPSTREAM FACE OF WEIR IS VERTICAL $\Rightarrow C_u/C_0 = 1.0$
 $\Rightarrow C_u = C_u/C_0 \times C_0 = 1.0 \times 3.93 \approx 3.93 \quad (\text{REF 4, PG 371})$

c) DOWNSTREAM APRON ELEVATION ≈ 1323 FT
 $\Rightarrow h_0 + d$ (TOTAL DISTANCE OF APRON BELOW DESIGN HEAD ELEVATION) $\approx 1333.0 - 1323 \approx 10$ FT

$$\Rightarrow (h_0 + d) / H_0 \approx 10 \text{ FT} / 4.2 \text{ FT} \approx 2.4$$

$$\Rightarrow C_d/C_u = 1.0 \quad (\text{REF 4, PG 391, FIG 253})$$

$$\therefore C_d = C_d/C_u \times C_u \approx 1.0 \times 3.93 \approx 3.93$$

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
 BY WJV DATE 6-12-79 PROJ. NO. 73-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 7 OF 12



d) APPROACH CHANNEL LOSSES \Rightarrow NO ACTUAL APPROACH CHANNEL
 \Rightarrow NEGLECT LOSSES

e) SUBMERGENCE EFFECTS \Rightarrow SUBMERGENCE NOT LIKELY

$$\therefore C_s = C \approx 3.93$$

$$\Rightarrow Q = CLH^{3/2} \approx 3.93 (64\text{ FT})(4.2\text{ FT})^{3/2}$$

$$\approx 2160 \text{ CFS } (\approx 2134 \text{ AS COMPUTED BY HEC-1 DUE TO COMPUTER ACCURACY})$$

SPILLWAY RATING CURVE

COMPUTED INTERNALLY BY HEC-1 VIA THE OGEE RATING CURVE ROUTINE, BASED ON THE SPILLWAY GEOMETRY PRESENTED ON SHEET 5. THE OGEE ROUTINE CALCULATES WEIR DISCHARGES IN A WAY SIMILAR TO THAT OUTLINED ON SHEETS 6 AND 7.

DAM EMBANKMENT RATING CURVE

- COMPUTED INTERNALLY BY HEC-1 VIA THE ASSUMPTIONS THAT CRITICAL DEPTH ON THE CREST CONTROLS OVERTOPPING FLOWS, W/ THE CREST PROFILE REPRESENTED BY A SERIES OF TRAPEZOIDS (SEE SUMMARY INPUT/OUTPUT SHEETS FOR RATING INFORMATION)

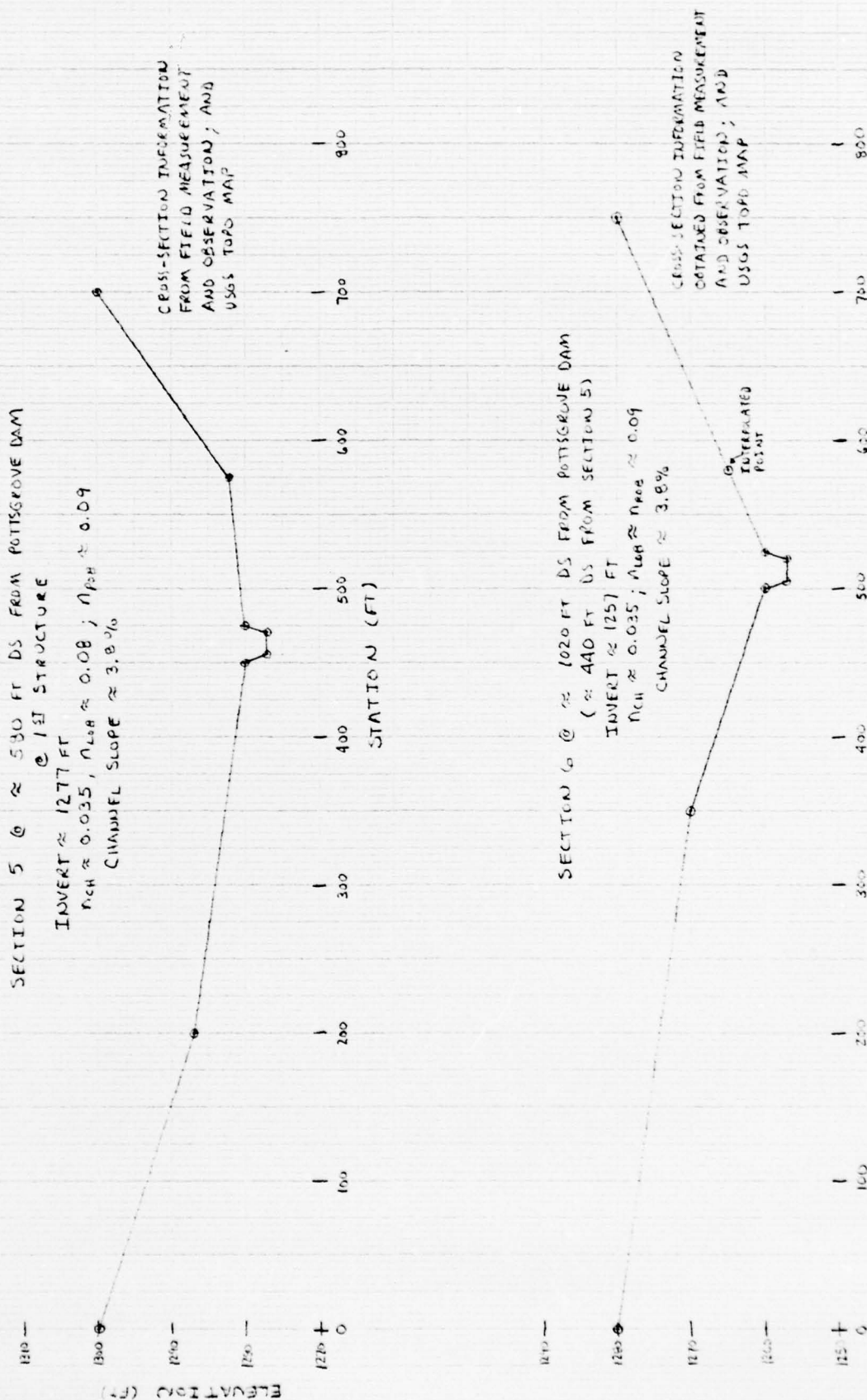
- INPUT INFORMATION: (BASED ON FIELD MEASUREMENT)

RESERVOIR ELEVATION (FT)	DEPTH ABOVE CREST (FT)	INUNDATED CREST LENGTH (FT)	RESERVOIR ELEVATION (FT)	DEPTH ABOVE CREST (FT)	INUNDATED CREST LENGTH (FT)	RESERVOIR ELEVATION (FT)	DEPTH ABOVE CREST (FT)	INUNDATED CREST LENGTH (FT)
1333.0	0	100	1333.3	0.3	640	1335.0	2.0	* 750
1333.1	0.1	200	1333.4	0.4	740	1336.0	3.0	* 750
1333.2	0.2	500	1334.0	1.0	* 745	1337.0	4.0	* 760

* ASSUMED LENGTHS

DOWNSTREAM ROUTING SECTIONS

SHEET 3 OF 12



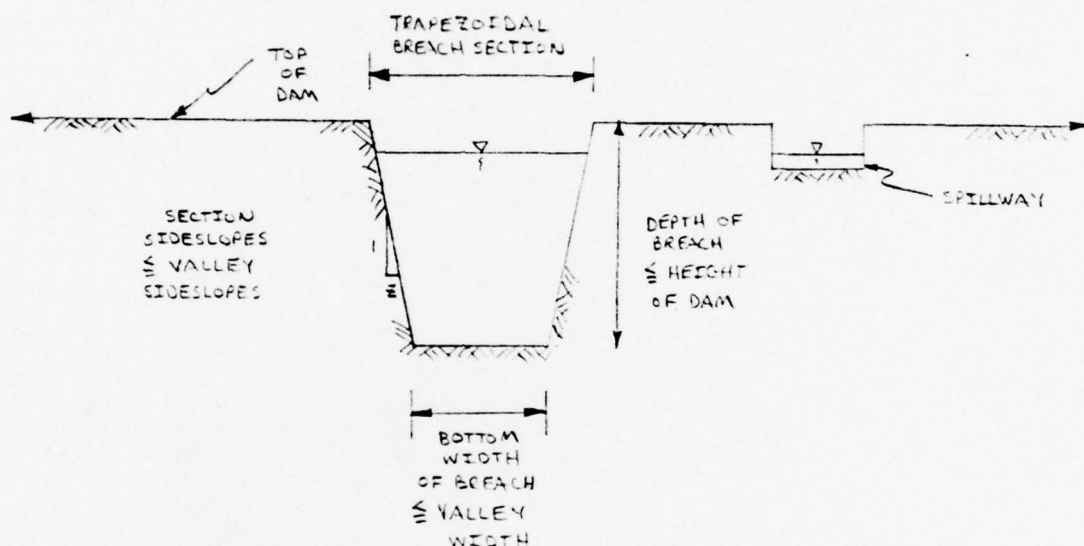
SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
 BY WJV DATE 6/22/79 PROJ. NO. 73-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-23-79 SHEET NO. 9 OF 12



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
 Environmental Specialists

BREACH ASSUMPTIONS

- TYPICAL BREACH SECTION:



- HEC-1-DAM BREACHING ANALYSIS INPUTS:

(ALL BREACHING WILL BEGIN WHEN THE RESERVOIR LEVEL REACHES THE TOP OF DAM ELEVATION)

PLAN NUMBER AND COMMENT	BREACH BOTTOM WIDTH (FT)	MAX. BREACH DEPTH (FT)	SECTION SIDESLOPES	* BREACH TIME (HR)	WSEL @ START OF FAILURE (FT)
① MIN. BREACH SECT; MIN FAIL TIME	0	37	1 to 1	0.75	1333.0
② MAX. BREACH SECT; MIN FAIL TIME	300	37	4 to 1	0.75	1333.0
③ MIN. BREACH SECT; MAX FAIL TIME	0	37	1 to 1	4.0	1333.0
④ MAX. BREACH SECT; MAX FAIL TIME	300	37	4 to 1	4.0	1333.0
⑤ AVERAGE POSSIBLE CONDITIONS	100	37	2 to 1	2.0	1333.0
** ⑥ AVERAGE POSSIBLE CONDITIONS	100	37	2 to 1	2.0	1333.0

* BREACH TIME = TOTAL TIME NECESSARY TO REACH FINAL BREACH DIMENSIONS

** PLANS ① → ④ WILL BE UNDER D.B.P.M.F. CONDITIONS, PLAN ⑤ WILL BE UNDER S.B.P.M.F. CONDITIONS

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV DATE 6-21-79 PROJ. NO. 79-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-23-79 SHEET NO. 10 OF 12



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

- THE BREACH ASSUMPTIONS LISTED ON SHEET 9 ARE BASED SOMEWHAT ON INFORMATION CONCERNING EARTH DAM BREACHING PROVIDED BY THE COE, BALTIMORE DISTRICT; AND ALSO ON THE PHYSICAL CONSTRAINTS OF THE DAM AND SURROUNDING TERRAIN :

CONSTRAINT	VALUE
- HEIGHT OF EMBANKMENT	≈ 37 FT (FIELD MEASURED)
- EMBANKMENT CREST LENGTH :	
EFFECTIVE LENGTH TO LEFT OF SPWY	≈ 700 FT
EFFECTIVE LENGTH TO RIGHT OF SPWY	≈ 40 FT
TOTAL LENGTH	900+ FT
	} FIELD MEASURED
- VALLEY BOTTOM WIDTH	≈ 300 FT (USGS TOPS)
- VALLEY SIDESLOPES ADJACENT TO DAM :	
RIGHT WALL	5:1
LEFT WALL	5:1
	} USGS TOPS

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

BY

WJV

DATE

6-24-79

PROJ. NO.

73-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

11 OF 12

Engineers • Geologists • Planner
Environmental Specialists

HEC-1 - DAM BREACHING ANALYSIS OUTPUT :

RESERVOIR DATA

UNDER 0.3 PMF BASE FLOW CONDITIONS (W/ BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM
ABLE TO PASS THE ENTIRE FLOOD WITHOUT BREACHING) -

* PLAN NUMBER	VARIABLE BREACH BOTTOM WIDTH (FT)	ACTUAL MAX FLOW DURING FLOOD TIME (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF FLOW (HR)	INITIAL UNBROKEN HEC-1 FLOODING FLOW DURING FLOOD TIME (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF FLOW (HR)	ACTUAL PEAK FLOW 100-YR DAM (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF PEAK (HR)	TIME OF INITIAL BREACH (HR)
①	0	5637	42.00	5637	42.00	5637	42.00	41.25
②	300	6936	41.44	6556	41.50	6936	41.44	41.25
③	0	2693	42.50	2613	42.50	2693	42.50	41.25
④	300	3108	42.08	2816	42.00	3108	42.08	41.25
⑤	100	4179	41.88	4106	42.00	4179	41.88	41.25

UNDER 0.3 PMF BASE FLOW CONDITIONS (W/ BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM
FLOODED ACCORDING TO ITS AVERAGE BREACH CONDITIONS;
APPENDIX C-1, SHEET 11)

* PLAN NUMBER	VARIABLE BREACH BOTTOM WIDTH (FT)	ACTUAL MAX FLOW DURING FLOOD TIME (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF FLOW (HR)	INITIALIZED OR HEC-1 FLOODING FLOW DURING FLOOD TIME (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF FLOW (HR)	ACTUAL PEAK FLOW 100-YR DAM (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF PEAK (HR)	TIME OF INITIAL BREACH (HR)
⑥	100	12351	42.04	12190	42.00	12351	42.04	40.25

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY

WJV

DATE

6-24-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

12

OF

12

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

HEC-1- DAM BREACHING ANALYSIS OUTPUT :

POTTSGROVE DAM ROUTING DATA

UNDER 0.3 PMF BASE FLOW CONDITIONS (W/ BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM ABLE TO PASS THE ENTIRE FLOOD WITHOUT BREACHING) -

PLAN NUMBER	VARIABLE BREACH BOTTOM WIDTH (FT)	OUTPUT @ SECTION 5 LOCATED 500 FT DS OF DAM				OUTPUT @ SECTION 6 LOCATED 1020 FT DS OF DAM			
		CORRESPONDING		WSEL 3. w/o BREACH (FT)	ΔELEV (FT)	CORRESPONDING		WSEL 3. w/o BREACH (FT)	ΔELEV (FT)
		PEAK FLOW/ (CFS)	WSEL 2. (FT)			PEAK FLOW (CFS)	WSEL 2. (FT)		
①	0	5534	1293.2	1291.8	+1.4	5491	1264.0	1262.0	+2.0
②	300	6066	1293.3	1291.8	+1.5	5824	1264.2	1262.0	+2.2
③	0	2673	1281.9	1281.8	0.0	2668	1267.1	1262.0	+5.1
④	300	3461	1282.2	1281.8	+0.4	3477	1262.8	1262.0	+0.8
⑤	100	3782	1282.5	1281.8	+0.7	4028	1263.1	1262.0	+1.1

UNDER 0.5 PMF BASE FLOW CONDITIONS (W/ BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM FAILED ACCORDING TO 315 AVERAGE BREACH CONDITIONS; APPENDIX C-1, SHEET 11) -

⑥	100	12213	1285.1	1282.7	+2.4	12246	1266.7	1263.4	+3.3
---	-----	-------	--------	--------	------	-------	--------	--------	------

1. SEE TABLE ON SHEET 9.
2. HAVE SURFACE ELEVATIONS CORRESPONDING TO BREACH FLOOD, FROM SUMMARY INPUT/OUTPUT SHEETS.
3. BASE FLOW ELEVATIONS CORRESPONDING TO THE PEAK 0.3 PMF FOR PLANS 0.3 PMF, AND 0.5 PMF TO THE PLAN 0.5 PMF FOR PLANS 0.5 PMF; FROM OVERSPILL ANALYSIS, SUMMARY TABLE.
4. ΔELEV = CORRESPONDING WSEL - WSEL W/O BREACH.

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB

DATE

6-29-7

SHEET NO.

A OF PP

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS

SUMMARY INPUT/OUTPUT SHEETS

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM W/ UPSTREAM BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM *** OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS ***
15-MINUTE TIME STEP AND 72-HOUR STORM DURATION

JOB SPECIFICATION									
NO	NHR	NMIN	1DAY	1HR	IMIN	MEWC	IPL1	IPRT	NSTAN
288	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	JUPER	5		NWT	LROPT	TRACE			
				0	0	0			

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED

REIUS=	.20	.30	.40	.50	1.00

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

LOCAL INFLOW INTO BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM RESERVOIR

ISTAD	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

THDGC	100G	TAREA	SNAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISHOW	ISAME	LOCAL
1	1	2.20	0.00	3.10	0.00	0.000	0	1	0

PRECIP DATA

SPFE	PMS	R6	R12	R24	R48	R72	R96
0.00	23.30	117.50	127.00	136.00	142.50	145.00	0.00

INITIAL AND CONSTANT
RAINFALL LOSSES AS PER COE

LOSS DATA	STREL	CNSTL	AUSMX	RTIMP
	1.00	.05	0.00	0.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

UPE	1.29	CP	.55	UPE	0

BASE FLOW PARAMETERS

ALVFC

RECESSION DATA

STRTU=	-1.50	ORCSH=	-.05	RTIUR=	2.00

APPROXIMATE CLARK COEFFICIENTS FROM GIVEN SNOW CP AND TP ARE TC= 5.88 AND R= 5.88 INTERVALS

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 35 E60-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, IAG= 1.29 HOURS, CP= .55 VOL= 1.00									
11.	102.	122.	476.	582.	605.	546.	461.	388.	327.
214.	233.	190.	165.	140.	118.	99.	64.	71.	51.
50.	40.	30.	25.	21.	16.	15.	13.	11.	11.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE _____

6-26-79

PROJ. NO. 78-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB

DATE _____

6-29-79

SHEET NO. 8 OF BA



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

DATE	HR.	SEC.	RATE	EACS	LOSS	COMP O	END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
MU.DA	HR.MN	PERIOD	MAIN	EACS	LOSS	COMP O	
SUM	27.03	24.37	2.66	140570.			
(687.)	(619.)	(68.)	(3980.50)				

CFS	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME	PMF
CMS	7096.	4425.	1426.	488.	140567.	
INCHES	201.	125.	40.	14.	3980.	
MM		18.71	24.12	24.77	24.77	
AC-FT		475.28	612.68	629.03	629.03	
THOUS CU M		2194.	2829.	2904.	2904.	
		2707.	3469.	3582.	3582.	

CFS	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME	O.2 PMF
CMS	1419.	885.	285.	98.	2811.	
INCHES	40.	25.	8.	3.	796.	
MM		3.74	4.82	4.95	4.95	
AC-FT		95.06	122.54	125.81	125.81	
THOUS CU M		439.	566.	581.	581.	
		541.	698.	716.	716.	

CFS	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME	O.3 PMF
CMS	2129.	1328.	428.	146.	42170.	
INCHES	60.	38.	12.	4.	1194.	
MM		5.61	7.24	7.43	7.43	
AC-FT		142.58	183.80	188.71	188.71	
THOUS CU M		658.	849.	871.	871.	
		812.	1047.	1075.	1075.	

CFS	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME	O.5 PMF
CMS	3548.	2211.	713.	244.	70283.	
INCHES	100.	63.	20.	7.	1990.	
MM		9.16	12.06	12.38	12.38	
AC-FT		237.64	306.34	314.52	314.52	
THOUS CU M		1097.	1414.	1452.	1452.	
		1353.	1745.	1791.	1791.	

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

C

OF

88

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

PMF

0.2 PMF

0.3 PMF

0.5 PMF

SURFACE AREA 0. 29. 36. 39. 53.
CAPACITY 0. 500. 635. 777. 1518.
ELEVATION 1658. 1718. 1725. 1724. 1740.

CREL 1/10.3
SPWD 0.0
COGW 0.0
EXPW 0.0
ELEV 0.0
COQL 0.0
CAREA 0.0
EXPL 0.0

DAM DATA
TOPEL 1723.8
CUOD 0.0
EXPD 0.0
DAMWID 0.

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1093. AT TIME 41.00 HOURS

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
7093.	4355.	1424.	488.	140462.
201.	123.	40.	14.	3977.
	18.41	24.08	24.75	24.75
	467.70	611.61	628.57	628.57
	2159.	2824.	2902.	2902.
	2664.	3483.	3580.	3580.

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1230. AT TIME 41.75 HOURS

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
1230.	845.	285.	98.	28098.
35.	24.	8.	3.	796.
	3.57	4.82	4.95	4.95
	90.75	122.30	125.74	125.74
	419.	565.	581.	581.
	517.	697.	716.	716.

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1882. AT TIME 41.50 HOURS

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
1882.	1280.	427.	146.	42145.
53.	36.	12.	4.	1193.
	5.41	7.22	7.43	7.43
	137.49	183.46	188.60	188.60
	635.	847.	871.	871.
	783.	1045.	1074.	1074.

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 3404. AT TIME 41.25 HOURS

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
3404.	2154.	712.	244.	70234.
96.	61.	20.	7.	1989.
	9.11	12.04	12.37	12.37
	231.31	305.76	314.30	314.30
	1068.	1412.	1451.	1451.

PROSH
MOUNTAIN
DAM
RESERVOIR
OUTFLOW
HYDROGRAPH

OVERTOPPING

(2)

0.46 PMF

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

D

OF

38

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE FROM BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM TO SECTION 1 + 3060 FT DS FROM BRUSH MTH DAM

ISTAD	ICOMP	IECUM	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRI	INAKE	ISTAGE	IAUTO
102	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
CLASS	AVG	IRF	ISANE	IOPT	IPAP		ISTR	
0.0	0.00	1	1	0	0		0	
MSIPS	MSDCL	LAG	AMSCK	X	TSK	STOMA	ISPRAT	
1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	-1.	0	

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

OUT(1)	OUT(2)	OUT(3)	ELRVT	ELMAX	RLNTH	SEL
.1700	.0400	.1200	1517.0	1560.0	3060.	.05500

CHANGES SECTION COORDINATES--STA, ELEV, STA, ELEV--ETC

	0.00	174.63	2.91	8.24	17.02	29.26	44.95	64.09	86.69
STORAGE	142.25		200.83	244.83	282.63	322.23	363.63	406.83	451.82
OUTFLOW	33819.45	131.10	537.78	1419.77	2952.54	5295.01	8589.76	12968.66	18555.64
STAGE	1517.00	1519.26	1521.53	1523.79	1526.05	1528.32	1530.58	1532.84	1535.11
FLOW	33819.45	1541.89	1544.16	1546.42	1548.68	1550.95	1553.21	1555.47	1557.74
	0.00	131.10	537.78	1419.77	2952.54	5295.01	8589.76	12968.66	18555.64
	44429.54	56668.74	70398.22	85633.31	102374.00	120703.58	140587.74	162073.89	18555.64

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
7035.	4354.	1424.	488.	140457.
199.	123.	40.	14.	3977.
INCHES	18.41	24.08	24.75	24.75
MM	467.61	611.61	628.54	628.54
AC-FT	2159.	2824.	2902.	2902.
THOUS CU FT	2663.	3483.	3580.	3580.

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 38.

PMF

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1529.5

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
WJV DATE 6-26-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-29-79 SHEET NO. E OF BP



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
 Environmental Specialists

0.2 PMF

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
1231.	845.	285.	98.	28097.
35.	24.	8.	3.	796.
	3.57	4.82	4.95	4.95
	90.76	122.30	125.73	125.73
	419.	565.	581.	581.
	517.	697.	716.	716.

THOUS CU M

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 7.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1523.3

0.3 PMF

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
1882.	1279.	427.	146.	42144.
53.	36.	12.	4.	1193.
	5.41	7.22	7.42	7.42
	137.40	183.46	188.59	188.59
	634.	847.	871.	871.
	782.	1045.	1074.	1074.

THOUS CU M

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 11.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1524.5

0.5 PMF

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
3385.	2154.	712.	244.	70232.
96.	61.	20.	7.	1989.
	9.11	12.04	12.37	12.37
	231.34	305.76	314.29	314.29
	1068.	1412.	1451.	1451.
	1317.	1741.	1790.	1790.

THOUS CU M

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 19.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1526.5

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE FROM SECTION 1 TO SECTION 2 & 7400 FT DS FROM BRUSH NEW DAM

IS140	ICOMP	IECOR	ITAPE	JPL1	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
203	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
CLASS	AVG	IRCS	ISAME	IOPT	IPMP		ISTR	
0.0	0.00	1	1	0	0		0	
6STES	INSTDL	LAG	AMSK	X	TSK	STORA	ISPRAT	
1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	-1.	0	

Flow
 2000 FT
 5 FROM
 BACK
 3000000
 DATA

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

F

OF

88


Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

00(1)	00(2)	00(3)	ELAVI	ELRAA	RINTH	SEL
.1200	.0400	.1200	1333.0	1300.0	4400.	.03500

GROSS SECTION COMPUTATIONS--STA. ELEV. STA. ELEV.--EIC

0.00	1300.00	150.00	1340.00	200.00	1336.00	202.00	1333.00	206.00	1333.00
206.00	1336.00	275.00	1340.00	400.00	1360.00				

STORAGE	0.00	155.83	189.41	1.69	225.79	204.98	5.20	14.63	30.08	49.48	71.93	97.10
								306.77	351.76	399.36	449.77	502.98

OUTFLOW	0.00	1513.86	19524.66	47.28	156.15	401.28	1901.88	934.01	1901.88	3474.09	5560.56	8161.69
								30276.19	43858.85	51791.38	60496.40	70031.67

STAGE	1333.00	1344.21	1348.63	1335.84	1350.05	1347.20	1351.47	1348.69	1354.37	1341.59	1342.95	1344.37

FLOW	0.00	177.96	41.20	156.15	206.62	401.28	934.01	934.01	1701.88	3474.09	5560.56	8161.69

FLOW	2742.07	5.77	15.77	15.77	15.77	15.77	15.77	15.77	15.77	15.77	15.77	15.77

PMF

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 86.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1343.7

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV DATE 6-26-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527

CHKD. BY DLR DATE 6-29-79 SHEET NO. G OF 82



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

0.2 PMF

TOTAL VOLUME
28095.
796.
4.95
125.72
580.
716.

72-HOUR
98.
3.
4.95
125.72
580.
716.

24-HOUR
285.
8.
4.81
122.30
565.
697.

6-HOUR
844.
24.
3.57
90.60
418.
516.

PEAK
1221.
35.
53.

CFS
CMS
INCHES
MM
AC-FT
THOUS CU M

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 19.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1339.1

0.3 PMF

TOTAL VOLUME
42140.
1193.
7.42
188.58
871.
1074.

72-HOUR
146.
4.
7.42
188.58
871.
1074.

24-HOUR
427.
12.
7.22
183.45
847.
1045.

6-HOUR
1277.
36.
5.40
137.18
633.
781.

PEAK
1864.
53.
53.

CFS
CMS
INCHES
MM
AC-FT
THOUS CU M

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 29.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1340.1

0.5 PMF

TOTAL VOLUME
70225.
1989.
12.37
314.26
1451.
1790.

72-HOUR
244.
7.
12.37
314.26
1451.
1790.

24-HOUR
712.
20.
12.04
305.75
1412.
1741.

6-HOUR
2150.
61.
9.09
230.93
1066.
1315.

PEAK
3312.
94.
94.

CFS
CMS
INCHES
MM
AC-FT
THOUS CU M

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 48.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1341.4

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

LOCAL INFLOW INTO POTTSGROVE DAM RESERVOIR

IS1AO	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
100G	100G	100G	100G	100G	100G	100G	100G	100G
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

HYDROGRAPH DATA

SHAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISNOW	ISAME	LOCAL
0.00	3.10	0.00	0.000	0	1	0

FLOW
7460 FT
55 FROM
BRUSH
MOUNTAIN
DAM

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTIONPOTTSGROVE DAMWJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

H

OF

88Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

PRECIP DATA
SPE PMS R6 R12 R24 R48 R72 R96
0.00 23.30 117.50 127.00 136.00 142.50 145.00 0.00

TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .800

LOSS DATA
LROPT STARR DELTA RTIOL ERAIN STARS RTION STHTL CHTSL ALSMX RTIMP
0 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 .05 0.00 0.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
IP= 1.73 CP= .55 NIA= 0

RECESSION DATA
STRTQ= -1.50 GRCSM= -.05 RTION= 2.00
APPROXIMATE CLARK COEFFICIENTS FROM GIVEN SNYDER CP AND TP ARE TC= 7.66 AND R= 8.02 INTERVALS

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 47 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAGE 1.75 HOURS, CP= .55 VOL= 1.00
Y. 34. 68. 107. 144. 171. 186. 187. 167. 147.
130. 115. 69. 29. 20. 61. 54. 48. 42.
37. 33. 26. 23. 20. 18. 16. 14. 12.
11. 9. 7. 6. 5. 4. 4. 4. 3.
3. 3. 2. 2. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1.

END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
MO.DA HR.MM PERIOD RAIN EACS LOSS COMP Q
SUM 27.03 24.37 2.66 57353.
(687.)(619.)(68.)(1624.06)

PMF
TOTAL VOLUME
6-HOUR 1702. 582. 199. 57353.
48. 16. 6. 1624.
17.59 24.04 24.70 24.70
446.82 610.72 627.38 627.38
844. 1154. 1185. 1185.
1041. 1423. 1462. 1462.

0.2 PMF
TOTAL VOLUME
6-HOUR 340. 116. 40. 11471.
10. 3. 1. 325.
3.52 4.91 4.94 4.94
89.36 122.14 125.48 125.48
161. 231. 237. 237.
208. 295. 292. 292.

0.3 PMF
TOTAL VOLUME
6-HOUR 511. 174. 60. 17206.
14. 5. 2. 487.
5.28 7.21 7.41 7.41
134.05 183.22 188.21 188.21
253. 346. 355. 355.
312. 427. 438. 438.

POTTSGROVE
DAM
LOCAL INFLOW
HYDROGRAPHS

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV DATE 6-26-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-29-79 SHEET NO. I OF 82



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

0.5 PMF

PMF

0.2 PMF

0.3 PMF

0.5 PMF

CURBINE HYDROGRAPHS

CURBINE LOCAL INFLOW #7 BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM ROUTED OUTFLOWS

PEAK
1240.
35.
CFS
CFS
INCHES
MM
AC-FT
THOUS CU H

POTTSGROVE DAM
LOCAL INFLOW
HYDROGRAPHS

ISTAO 4 ICDMP 2 ITCUN 0 ITAPE 0 JPLT 0 JPRF 0 IMAE 1 IASTG 0 IAUO 0

PEAK
9506.
269.
CFS
CFS
INCHES
MM
AC-FT
THOUS CU H

POTTSGROVE
DAM
TOTAL
INFLOW
HYDROGRAPHS

PEAK
1690.
48.
CFS
CFS
INCHES
MM
AC-FT
THOUS CU H

PEAK
2544.
77.
CFS
CFS
INCHES
MM
AC-FT
THOUS CU H

PEAK
4551.
129.
CFS
CFS
INCHES
MM
AC-FT
THOUS CU H

TOTAL VOLUME
28677.
812.
12.35
313.69
592.
731.

72-HOUR
100.
3.
12.35
313.69
592.
731.

24-HOUR
291.
8.
12.02
305.36
577.
711.

6-HOUR
851.
24.
8.80
223.41
422.
520.

TOTAL VOLUME
197797.
5601.
24.73
628.16
4087.
5041.

72-HOUR
687.
19.
24.73
628.16
4087.
5041.

24-HOUR
2005.
57.
24.07
611.30
3977.
4906.

6-HOUR
6047.
111.
18.14
460.86
2998.
3698.

TOTAL VOLUME
39565.
1120.
4.95
125.65
817.
1008.

72-HOUR
137.
4.
4.95
125.65
817.
1008.

24-HOUR
401.
11.
4.81
122.24
795.
981.

6-HOUR
1180.
33.
3.54
89.92
585.
722.

TOTAL VOLUME
59346.
1680.
7.42
185.47
1226.
1512.

72-HOUR
206.
6.
7.42
185.47
1226.
1512.

24-HOUR
601.
17.
7.22
152.36
1193.
1471.

6-HOUR
1783.
50.
5.35
135.90
864.0
1341.0

TOTAL VOLUME
98902.
2801.
12.37
314.09
2043.
2521.

72-HOUR
343.
10.
12.37
314.09
2043.
2521.

24-HOUR
1002.
28.
12.03
305.59
1984.
2452.

6-HOUR
2996.
85.
8.99
228.38
1486.
1833.

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

K

OF

22


 Engineers • Geologists • Planners
 Environmental Specialists

0.2 PMF

0.3 PMF

0.5 PMF

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1675. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS

6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
1178.	401.	137.	39563.
33.	11.	4.	1120.
3.53	4.81	4.95	4.95
89.77	122.23	125.64	125.64
584.	795.	817.	817.
720.	961.	1008.	1008.

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 2588. AT TIME 41.75 HOURS

6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
1780.	601.	206.	59343.
50.	17.	6.	1680.
5.34	7.22	7.42	7.42
135.65	183.36	188.46	188.46
882.	1193.	1226.	1226.
1089.	1471.	1512.	1512.

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 4526. AT TIME 41.50 HOURS

6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
2991.	1002.	343.	98895.
85.	28.	10.	2800.
8.97	12.03	12.36	12.36
227.96	305.59	314.07	314.07
1463.	1968.	2043.	2043.
1829.	2452.	2520.	2520.

HYDROGRAPH RESULTS

ROUTE FROM POTTSGROVE DAM TO SECTION 5 + 580 FT OS FROM POTTSGROVE DAM

ESTAG	ICURV	IECON	ITAPE	JFPT	JPRP	ISAGE	LAUTO
405	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
CROSS	AVG	THRES	ISAME	10PT	IPRP	LSTR	
0.0	0.00	1	1	0	0	0	
RSIES	RSIDL	LAG	ANSKK	X	TSK	STORA	ISPRAT
1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	-1.	0

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

 00(1) 00(2) 00(3) ELRVT ELMAX SEL
 .0000 .0150 .0900 1277.0 1300.0 580. 03800

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

L

OF

68


Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA, FLEV, STA, FLEV--ETC

STORAGE	0.00	27	51.66	1.24	3.35	6.81	11.12	16.26	22.23
0.00	1300.00	200.00	1287.00	450.00	1280.00	455.00	1277.00	470.00	1277.00
475.00	1260.00	575.00	1282.00	700.00	1300.00				

STORAGE	0.00	27	51.66	1.24	3.35	6.81	11.12	16.26	22.23
0.00	30.07	43.65	51.66	60.11	69.00	78.32	88.08	98.27	108.90
UNITFLOA									
38224.08	0.00	176.09	584.18	1289.02	2676.81	5210.24	8934.50	13927.75	20295.47
		49418.07	62073.90	76211.93	91859.47	109046.24	127804.03	148166.02	170166.34
STAGE									
1277.00	1277.00	1278.21	1279.42	1280.63	1281.84	1283.05	1284.26	1285.47	1286.68
1289.11	1289.11	1290.32	1291.53	1292.74	1293.95	1295.16	1296.37	1297.58	1298.79
FLOW									
0.00	0.00	176.09	584.18	1289.02	2676.81	5210.24	8934.50	13927.75	20295.47
38224.08	49418.07	62073.90	76211.93	91859.47	109046.24	127804.03	148166.02	170166.34	

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
9501.	6048.	2005.	687.	197782.
269.	171.	57.	19.	5601.
INCHES				
18.15	24.07	24.73	24.73	24.73
AC-FT				
460.99	611.29	628.11	628.11	628.11
THOUS CU Y				
2999.	3977.	4086.	4086.	4086.
3699.	4905.	5040.	5040.	5040.

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 12.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1284.4

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
1070.	1178.	401.	137.	39562.
47.	33.	11.	4.	1120.
INCHES				
3.53	4.81	4.95	4.95	4.95
AC-FT				
89.77	122.23	125.64	125.64	125.64
THOUS CU Y				
584.	795.	817.	817.	817.
720.	981.	1008.	1008.	1008.

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 2.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1281.0

0.2 PMF

FLOW @
530 FT
POTTSGROVE
DAM
SECTION 51
12' HOUSE

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

M

OF

EE

0.3 PMF

0.5 PMF



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

PEAK
2600.
74.
CFS
CAS
INCHES
MA
AC-FT
THOUS CU YD

6-HOUR
1760.
50.
5.34
135.66
883.
1089.

24-HOUR
601.
17.
7.22
183.36
1193.
1471.

72-HOUR
206.
6.
7.42
188.46
1226.
1512.

TOTAL VOLUME
59342.
1680.
7.42
188.46
1226.
1512.

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 3.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1281.8

PEAK
4540.
129.
CFS
CAS
INCHES
MA
AC-FT
THOUS CU YD

6-HOUR
2991.
85.
8.97
227.94
1483.
1829.

24-HOUR
1007.
28.
12.03
305.59
1988.
2452.

72-HOUR
343.
10.
12.36
314.07
2043.
2520.

TOTAL VOLUME
98894.
2800.
12.36
314.07
2043.
2520.

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 6.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1282.7

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE FROM SECTION 5 TO SECTION 6 & 1020 FT DS FROM POTTSGROVE DAM

INLET	ICOMP	IFCDM	ITRPE	IFFT	IPRI	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
506	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
CLASS	AVG	IRCS	ISAME	IOPT	IPMP		ISIR	
0.0	0.00	1	1	0	0		0	
OUTPS	USIDE	LAG	ANSPK	X	ISA	NIORA	ISPRAT	
1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	-1.	0	

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

0.000 0.000 0.000 1287.0 1280.0 440. 0.0800

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

N OF BP

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA., ELEV., STA., ELEV.--ETC										
STORAGE	CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA., ELEV., STA., ELEV.--ETC									
	0.00	.21	.47	.82	1.52	2.60	4.07	5.92	8.17	
	13.82	17.24	21.27	25.98	31.38	37.47	44.24	51.69	59.83	
OUTFLOW	CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA., ELEV., STA., ELEV.--ETC									
	0.00	176.09	584.18	1269.86	2343.95	3874.55	5949.77	8646.74	12039.16	
	21194.37	26901.41	33246.04	40926.27	50023.66	60636.08	72866.18	86817.03	102590.49	
STAGE	CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA., ELEV., STA., ELEV.--ETC									
	1257.00	1258.21	1259.42	1260.63	1261.84	1263.05	1264.26	1265.47	1266.68	
	1269.11	1270.32	1271.53	1272.74	1273.95	1275.16	1276.37	1277.58	1278.79	
FLOW	CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA., ELEV., STA., ELEV.--ETC									
	0.00	176.09	584.18	1269.86	2343.95	3874.55	5949.77	8646.74	12039.16	
	21194.37	26901.41	33246.04	40926.27	50023.66	60636.08	72866.18	86817.03	102590.49	

PEAK					
	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME	
CFS	9493.	6048.	687.	197781.	
CMS	269.	2005.	19.	5601.	
INCHES	171.	57.	24.73	24.73	
MM	18.15	24.07	628.11	628.11	
AC-FT	460.99	611.29	4086.	4086.	
THOUS CU FT	2999.	3977.	5040.	5040.	
	3699.	4905.			

MAXIMUM STORAGE =

6.

PMF

0.2 PMF

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1265.8

FLOW @
1020 FTDS FROM
POTTSGROVE
DAM
(SECTION)

PEAK					
	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME	
CFS	1675.	401.	137.	39562.	
CMS	47.	11.	4.	1120.	
INCHES	3.53	4.81	4.95	4.95	
MM	89.77	122.23	125.64	125.64	
AC-FT	584.	795.	817.	817.	
THOUS CU FT	720.	981.	1008.	1008.	

MAXIMUM STORAGE =

1.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1261.1

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
 WJV DATE 6-26-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-29-79 SHEET NO. 0 OF BB



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
 Environmental Specialists

0.3PMF

0.5PMF

TOTAL VOLUME
 59347.
 1680.
 7.42
 188.46
 1226.
 1512.

72-HOUR
 206.
 6.
 7.42
 188.46
 1226.
 1512.

24-HOUR
 601.
 17.
 7.22
 183.36
 1193.
 1471.

6-HOUR
 1780.
 50.
 5.34
 135.66
 683.
 1089.

PEAK
 2602.
 74.

CFS
 INCHES
 MM
 AC-FT
 THOUS CU M

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 2.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1702.0

TOTAL VOLUME
 98893.
 2800.
 12.36
 314.07
 2043.
 2520.

72-HOUR
 343.
 10.
 12.36
 314.07
 2043.
 2520.

24-HOUR
 1002.
 28.
 12.03
 305.59
 1988.
 2452.

6-HOUR
 2990.
 85.
 8.97
 227.92
 1483.
 1829.

PEAK
 4544.
 129.

CFS
 INCHES
 MM
 AC-FT
 THOUS CU M

MAXIMUM STORAGE = 3.

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1703.4

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

BROOK MOUNTAIN DAM

	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE 1718.30 580. 0.	SPILLWAY CREST 1718.30 580. 0.	TOP OF DAM 1723.80 777. 3020.	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
RATIO OF PMF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S. ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.20	1721.38	0.00	1230.	685.	0.00	41.75	0.00
.30	1722.36	0.00	1882.	722.	0.00	41.50	0.00
.40	1723.24	0.00	2545.	755.	0.00	41.50	0.00
.50	1723.91	.11	3404.	782.	.75	41.25	0.00
1.00	1724.92	1.12	7093.	821.	4.00	41.00	0.00

Flows @
 1020 FT
 DS FROM
 POTTSGROVE
 DAM
 SECTION (6)

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTIONPOTTSGROVE DAMWJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

P OF 82Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

PLAN 1		STATION 102		PLAN 1		STATION 203	
RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
.20	1231.	1523.3	41.75	.20	1221.	1339.1	42.00
.30	1882.	1524.5	41.75	.30	1864.	1340.1	42.00
.40	2536.	1525.4	41.50	.40	2531.	1340.7	41.75
.50	3385.	1526.5	41.50	.50	3312.	1341.4	41.50
1.00	7035.	1529.5	41.00	1.00	7030.	1343.7	41.25

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

POTTSGROVE DAM

INITIAL VALUE		SPILLWAY CREST		TOP OF DAM	
ELEVATION	1328.80	ELEVATION	1328.80	ELEVATION	1333.00
STORAGE	104.	STORAGE	104.	STORAGE	142.
OUTFLOW	0.	OUTFLOW	0.	OUTFLOW	2184.

RATIO OF PAF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR S.S. FLEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.20	1332.02	0.00	132.	1675.	0.00	42.00	0.00
.30	1333.54	.54	147.	2588.	2.25	41.75	0.00
.40	1333.93	.93	152.	3391.	3.50	41.75	0.00
.50	1334.27	1.27	155.	4526.	4.25	41.50	0.00
1.00	1335.44	2.44	168.	9496.	7.00	41.25	0.00

SECTION 5

PLAN 1		STATION 405		PLAN 1		STATION 506	
RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
.20	1676.	1281.0	42.00	.20	1675.	1261.1	42.00
.30	2600.	1281.8	41.75	.30	2602.	1262.0	41.75
.40	3520.	1282.2	41.75	.40	3527.	1262.8	41.75
.50	4540.	1282.7	41.75	.50	4544.	1263.4	41.75
1.00	9501.	1284.4	41.25	1.00	9493.	1265.8	41.25

SECTION 6

PLAN 1		STATION 506		PLAN 1		STATION 506	
RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
.20	1675.	1261.1	42.00	.20	1675.	1261.1	42.00
.30	2602.	1262.0	41.75	.30	2602.	1262.0	41.75
.40	3527.	1262.8	41.75	.40	3527.	1262.8	41.75
.50	4544.	1263.4	41.75	.50	4544.	1263.4	41.75
1.00	9493.	1265.8	41.25	1.00	9493.	1265.8	41.25

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

Q OF 38

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

BREACHING OF POTTSGROVE
DAM ONLY, SINCE BRUSH
MOUNTAIN DAM WILL NOT
BE OVERTOPPED BY THE
0.3 PMF EVENT.

(SAME INPUT DATA AS FOR
THE OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS
W/ THE ADDITION
OF THE BREACH
DATA GIVEN HERE)

BREACHING ANALYSIS

BREACHING ANALYSIS ***

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM #7 UPSTREAM BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM ***
15-MINUTE TIME STEP AND 72-HOUR STORM DURATION

NO	NHR	NMIN	IDAY	JOB SPECIFICATION				METRC	IPLT	IPHT	NSTAN
				1HR	1MIN	0	0				
288	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			JUPER	NWT	LROPT	TRACE					
			5	0	0	0					

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED

NPLAN= 5 NMTIU= 1 LNTIO= 1

RTIOS= .30

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE TOTAL INFLUX HYDROGRAPH THROUGH POTTSGROVE DAM RESERVOIR

PLAN

TOPEL	DAM DATA		DAMWID
	CUOD	EXPD	
1333.0	0.0	0.0	0.

CREST LENGTH AT OR BELOW ELEVATION	1333.0	1333.1	1333.2	1333.3	640.	500.	740.	745.	750.	1333.4	1334.0	1335.0	1336.0	1337.0	160.

BRWID	Z	ELBW	TFAIL	WSEL	WSEL
0.	.50	1296.00	.75	1328.80	1333.00

BEGIN DAM FAILURE AT 41.25 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 5637. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS

BRWID	Z	ELBW	TFAIL	WSEL	WSEL
300.	4.00	1296.00	.75	1328.80	1333.00

BEGIN DAM FAILURE AT 41.25 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 6936. AT TIME 41.44 HOURS

BRWID	Z	ELBW	TFAIL	WSEL	WSEL
0.	.50	1296.00	4.00	1328.80	1333.00

BEGIN DAM FAILURE AT 41.25 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 2693. AT TIME 42.50 HOURS

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

R OF 88

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

DAM BREACH DATA
BRWD 300. Z 4.00 ELEM 1296.00 TFAIL 4.00 WSEL 1328.80
WSEL 1333.00

BEGIN DAM FAILURE AT 41.25 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 3400. AT TIME 42.06 HOURS

DAM BREACH DATA
BRWD 100. Z 2.00 ELEM 1296.00 TFAIL 2.00 WSEL 1328.80
WSEL 1333.00

BEGIN DAM FAILURE AT 41.25 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 4179. AT TIME 41.88 HOURS

THE DAM BREACH HYDROGRAPH WAS DEVELOPED USING A TIME INTERVAL OF .042 HOURS DURING BREACH FORMATION.
DOWNSTREAM CALCULATIONS WILL USE A TIME INTERVAL OF .250 HOURS.
THIS TABLE COMPARES THE HYDROGRAPH FOR DOWNSTREAM CALCULATIONS WITH THE COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH.
INTERMEDIATE VALUES ARE INTERPOLATED FROM END-OF-PERIOD VALUES.

TIME (HOURS)	TIME FROM BEGINNING OF BREACH (HOURS)	INTERPOLATED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (AC-FT)
41.250	0.000	2191.	2191.	0.	0.	0.
41.292	.042	2449.	2449.	-1.	-1.	-0.
41.333	.083	2707.	2836.	-130.	-130.	-0.
41.375	.125	2965.	3223.	-259.	-389.	-1.
41.417	.167	3223.	3448.	-226.	-615.	-2.
41.458	.208	3481.	3618.	-137.	-752.	-3.
41.500	.250	3739.	3739.	0.	-752.	-3.
41.542	.292	3758.	3817.	-59.	-811.	-3.
41.583	.333	3778.	3861.	-83.	-894.	-3.
41.625	.375	3798.	3881.	-82.	-976.	-3.
41.667	.417	3818.	3883.	-65.	-1041.	-4.
41.708	.458	3838.	3874.	-36.	-1077.	-4.
41.750	.500	3858.	3858.	0.	-1077.	-4.
41.792	.542	3893.	4041.	-149.	-1226.	-4.

PLAN

(4)

(5)

(5)

Flow
3300 CFS
25 CFS
25000
250000
2500000

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
WJV DATE 6-26-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527
CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-29-79 SHEET NO. S OF BE

gai
CONSULTANTS.
Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

TIME (HOURS)	TIME FROM BEGINNING OF BREACH (HOURS)	INTERPOLATED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (AC-FT)
41.033	.583	3927.	4141.	-220.	-1446.	-5.
41.075	.625	3962.	4179.	-218.	-1663.	-6.
41.917	.667	3996.	4166.	-169.	-1833.	-6.
41.958	.708	4031.	4124.	-93.	-1925.	-7.
42.000	.750	4066.	4066.	0.	-1925.	-7.
42.042	.792	3990.	3997.	-7.	-1932.	-7.
42.083	.833	3915.	3923.	-8.	-1940.	-7.
42.125	.875	3840.	3845.	-5.	-1945.	-7.
42.167	.917	3764.	3767.	-3.	-1948.	-7.
42.208	.958	3689.	3690.	-1.	-1949.	-7.
42.250	1.000	3614.	3614.	0.	-1949.	-7.
42.292	1.042	3541.	3538.	2.	-1946.	-7.
42.333	1.083	3467.	3463.	5.	-1942.	-7.
42.375	1.125	3394.	3388.	6.	-1935.	-7.
42.417	1.167	3321.	3315.	6.	-1929.	-7.
42.458	1.208	3248.	3244.	4.	-1925.	-7.
42.500	1.250	3175.	3175.	0.	-1925.	-7.
42.542	1.292	3109.	3106.	3.	-1922.	-7.
42.583	1.333	3043.	3037.	6.	-1917.	-7.
42.625	1.375	2977.	2970.	7.	-1909.	-7.
42.667	1.417	2912.	2905.	7.	-1903.	-7.
42.708	1.458	2846.	2842.	4.	-1898.	-7.
42.750	1.500	2780.	2780.	0.	-1898.	-7.
42.792	1.542	2722.	2719.	3.	-1895.	-7.
42.833	1.583	2664.	2658.	6.	-1889.	-7.
42.875	1.625	2606.	2598.	7.	-1882.	-6.
42.917	1.667	2548.	2541.	7.	-1875.	-6.
42.958	1.708	2490.	2485.	4.	-1870.	-6.
43.000	1.750	2432.	2432.	0.	-1870.	-6.
43.042	1.792	2383.	2378.	3.	-1867.	-6.
43.083	1.833	2331.	2324.	7.	-1860.	-6.
43.125	1.875	2280.	2273.	7.	-1853.	-6.
43.167	1.917	2230.	2223.	7.	-1846.	-6.
43.208	1.958	2179.	2175.	4.	-1841.	-6.
43.250	2.000	2129.	2129.	0.	-1841.	-6.

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

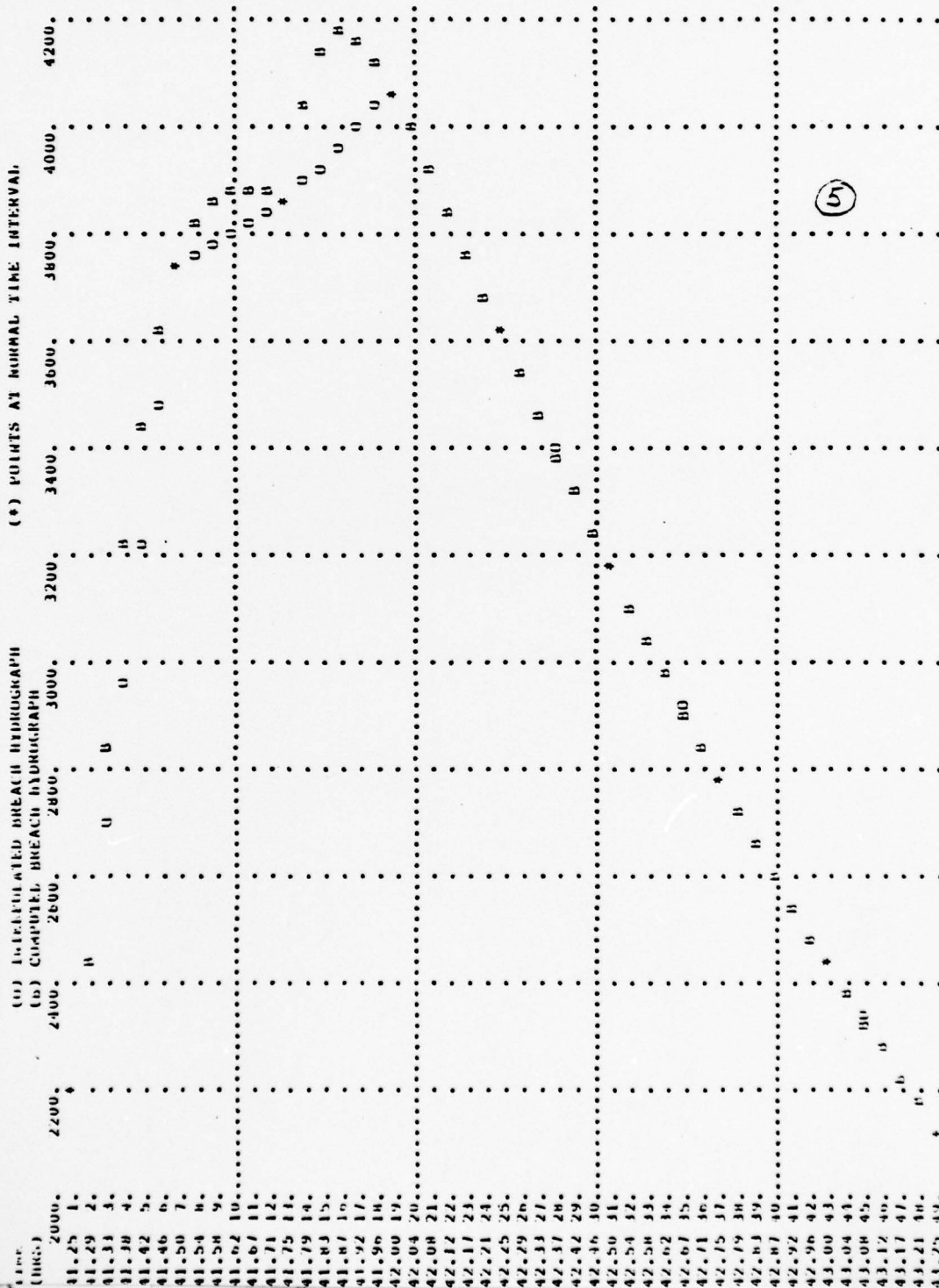
DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

T OF BB

gai
CONSULTANTS.Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Consultants

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

U

OF

88

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM

ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE 1718.30 580. 0.	SPILLWAY CHEST 1718.30 580. 0.	TOP OF DAM 1723.80 177. 3020.	RATIO OF POT	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S. ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	FOR ALL PLANS
				.30	1722.36	0.00	722.	1882.	0.00	41.50	0.00	

ROUTED BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM
OUTFLOW PRIOR TO INFLOW INTO
POTTSGROVE DAM RESERVOIR,
FOR ALL PLANS

POTTSGROVE DAM

ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE 1328.80 104. 0.	SPILLWAY CHEST 1328.80 104. 0.	TOP OF DAM 1333.00 142. 2184.	RATIO OF POT	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S. ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	FOR ALL PLANS
				.30	1333.35	.35	145.	5637.	.54	42.00	41.25	
				.30	1333.12	.12	143.	6936.	.26	41.44	41.25	
				.30	1333.50	.50	147.	2693.	1.42	42.50	41.25	
				.30	1333.12	.12	143.	3408.	.33	42.08	41.25	
				.30	1333.10	.10	143.	4119.	.33	41.88	41.25	

DOWNSTREAM ROUTING RESULTS

PLAN	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS	SECTION 5	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
1	.30	5539.	1283.2	42.00	SECTION 5	.30	5491.	1264.0	42.00
2	.30	6066.	1283.3	41.50		.30	5824.	1264.2	41.50
3	.30	2673.	1281.8	42.50	SECTION 6	.30	2668.	1262.1	42.50
4	.30	3461.	1282.2	41.75		.30	3497.	1262.8	41.75
5	.30	3982.	1282.5	41.75		.30	4028.	1263.1	41.75

FLOW'S
7460 FT
25 FROM
BRUSH
MOUNTAIN
DAM

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
 BY WJV DATE 6-26-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-29-79 SHEET NO. V OF PP



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
 Environmental Specialists

BREACHING OF BOTH
 BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM
 AND POTTSGROVE DAM
 UNDER 1/2 PMF CONDITIONS

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
 POTTSGROVE DAM W/ UPSTREAM BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM ***BREACHING ANALYSIS***
 15-MINUTE TIME STEP AND 72-HOUR STORM DURATION

JOB SPECIFICATION
 INR 0 INR 15 IDAY 0 INR 0 METRIC 0 IPIT 0 IPIT 0
 JOPER 5 NWT 0 LRUPT 0 TRACE 0

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED
 NPPLAN= 1 NRTIO= 1 LRTIO= 1

NRTIO= .50

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE LOCAL HYDROGRAPH THROUGH BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM RESERVOIR

DAM DATA
 TOPEL 1723.8 CUOD 0.0 EXPD 0.0 DAMWID 0.0
 BRWID 100. Z 2.00 ELBM 1670.80 2.00 1710.30 1723.80
 DAM BREACH DATA
 USED FAILED

BEGIN DAM FAILURE AT 41.25 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 11255. AT TIME 41.96 HOURS

THE DAM BREACH HYDROGRAPH WAS DEVELOPED USING A TIME INTERVAL OF .042 HOURS DURING BREACH FORMATION.
 DOWNSTREAM CALCULATIONS USED A TIME INTERVAL OF .250 HOURS.
 THIS TABLE COMPARES THE HYDROGRAPH FOR DOWNSTREAM CALCULATIONS WITH THE COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH.
 INTERMEDIATE VALUES ARE INTERPOLATED FROM END-OF-PERIOD VALUES.

TIME (HOURS)	TIME FROM BEGINNING OF BREACH (HOURS)	INTERPOLATED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (AC-FT)
41.250	0.000	3410.	3410.	0.	0.	0.
41.292	.042	4025.	3757.	269.	269.	1.
41.334	.083	4641.	4233.	408.	677.	2.
41.375	.125	5256.	4856.	400.	1077.	4.
41.417	.167	5872.	5619.	253.	1330.	5.
41.458	.208	6487.	6368.	120.	1450.	5.
41.500	.250	7103.	7103.	0.	1450.	5.
41.542	.292	7638.	7779.	-141.	1309.	5.
41.583	.333	8174.	8393.	-219.	1090.	4.
41.625	.375	8709.	8955.	-246.	843.	3.
41.667	.417	9244.	9452.	-207.	636.	2.
41.708	.458	9780.	9897.	-117.	519.	2.

PLAN (5)

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
 BY WJV DATE 6-26-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-29-79 SHEET NO. W OF PE



TIME (HOURS)	TIME FROM BEGINNING OF BREACH (HOURS)	INTERPOLATED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	- COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	= ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (AC-FT)
41.750	.500	10315.	10315.	-0.	519.	2.
41.792	.542	10462.	10639.	-178.	341.	1.
41.833	.583	10609.	10879.	-271.	71.	0.
41.875	.625	10755.	11109.	-354.	-283.	-1.
41.917	.667	10902.	11230.	-328.	-611.	-2.
41.958	.708	11049.	11255.	-206.	-817.	-3.
42.000	.750	(11195)	11195.	0.	-817.	-3.
42.042	.792	10947.	11064.	-117.	-934.	-3.
42.083	.833	10699.	10874.	-174.	-1109.	-4.
42.125	.875	10451.	10633.	-182.	-1290.	-4.
42.167	.917	10203.	10353.	-150.	-1440.	-5.
42.208	.958	9955.	10042.	-87.	-1527.	-5.
42.250	1.000	9707.	9707.	0.	-1527.	-5.
42.292	1.042	9440.	9355.	-15.	-1542.	-5.
42.333	1.083	8973.	8992.	-18.	-1560.	-5.
42.375	1.125	8606.	8621.	-15.	-1575.	-5.
42.417	1.167	8239.	8247.	-8.	-1583.	-5.
42.458	1.208	7872.	7675.	-2.	-1585.	-5.
42.500	1.250	7505.	7505.	0.	-1585.	-5.
42.542	1.292	7162.	7141.	21.	-1564.	-5.
42.583	1.333	6819.	6764.	55.	-1529.	-5.
42.625	1.375	6476.	6434.	42.	-1487.	-5.
42.667	1.417	6133.	6094.	39.	-1448.	-5.
42.708	1.458	5790.	5765.	25.	-1423.	-5.
42.750	1.500	5446.	5446.	0.	-1423.	-5.
42.792	1.542	5168.	5139.	29.	-1394.	-5.
42.833	1.583	4889.	4843.	47.	-1348.	-5.
42.875	1.625	4611.	4550.	61.	-1295.	-4.
42.917	1.667	4332.	4265.	67.	-1247.	-4.
42.958	1.708	4054.	4024.	30.	-1217.	-4.
43.000	1.750	3775.	3775.	0.	-1217.	-4.
43.042	1.792	3506.	3539.	-33.	-1187.	-4.
43.083	1.833	3361.	3313.	47.	-1140.	-4.
43.125	1.875	3153.	3100.	53.	-1087.	-4.
43.167	1.917	2946.	2890.	56.	-1040.	-4.
43.208	1.958	2739.	2709.	30.	-1010.	-3.
43.250	2.000	2531.	2531.	0.	-1010.	-3.

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527CHKD. BY DLB

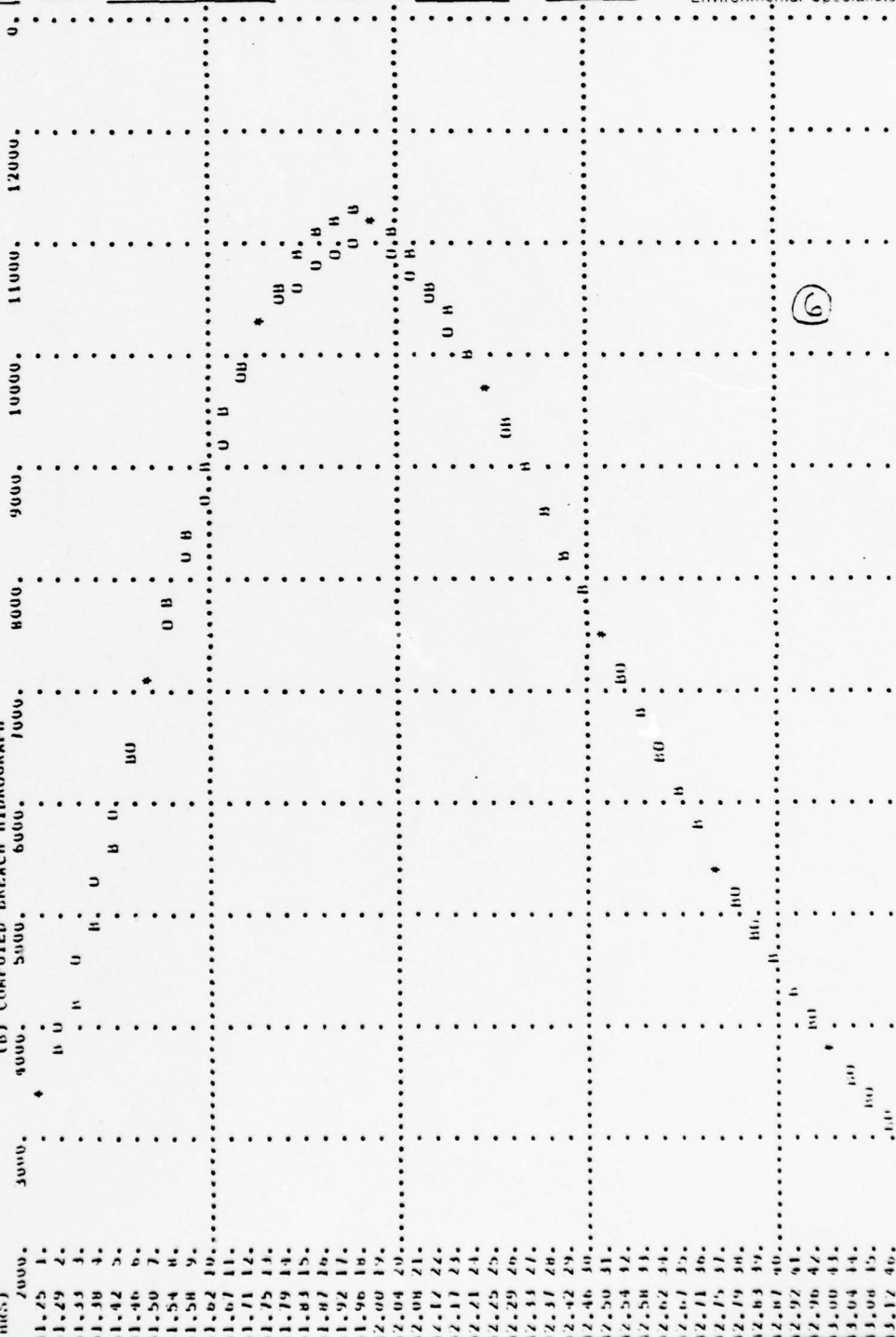
DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

X OF BBEngineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

(*) POINTS AT NORMAL TIME INTERVAL

(a) INTERPOLATED BREACH HYDROGRAPH
(b) COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPHL.E.
MRS.

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM
 WJV DATE 6-26-79 PROJ. NO. 78-617-527
 CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-29-79 SHEET NO. Y OF BB



HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE TOTAL INFLOW HYDROGRAPH THROUGH POTTSGROVE DAM RESERVOIR

PLAN (6)

DAM DATA
 TOPFD 1333.0
 CWD 0.0
 EXPD 0.0
 DAM+ID 0.

DAM BREACH DATA
 Z 2.20
 ELBM 1670.80
 TFAIL 2.00
 WSEL 1718.30
 FFAIL 1723.80

BROWD 100.
 BEGIN DAM FAILURE AT 40.25 HOURS
 PEAK OUTFLOW IS 12351. AT TIME 42.04 HOURS

THE DAM BREACH HYDROGRAPH WAS DEVELOPED USING A TIME INTERVAL OF .042 HOURS DURING BREACH FORMATION.
 DOWNSREAM CALCULATIONS WILL USE A TIME INTERVAL OF .250 HOURS.
 THIS TABLE COMPARES THE HYDROGRAPH FOR DOWNSREAM CALCULATIONS WITH THE COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH.
 INTERMEDIATE FLOWS ARE INTERPOLATED FROM END-OF-PERIOD VALUES.

TIME (HOURS)	TIME FROM BEGINNING OF BREACH (HOURS)	INTERPOLATED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (AC-FT)
40.250	0.000	2251.	2251.	0.	0.	0.
40.292	.042	2564.	2564.	0.	0.	0.
40.333	.083	2878.	2972.	-94.	-94.	-0.
40.375	.125	3192.	3382.	-191.	-285.	-1.
40.417	.167	3505.	3762.	-257.	-542.	-2.
40.458	.208	3819.	3968.	-150.	-691.	-2.
40.500	.250	4132.	4132.	0.	-691.	-2.
40.542	.292	4224.	4264.	-40.	-731.	-3.
40.583	.333	4316.	4373.	-57.	-788.	-3.
40.625	.375	4409.	4466.	-58.	-846.	-3.
40.667	.417	4501.	4547.	-46.	-892.	-3.
40.708	.458	4593.	4619.	-26.	-919.	-3.
40.750	.500	4685.	4685.	0.	-919.	-3.
40.792	.542	4796.	4744.	52.	-866.	-3.

(6)

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

7 OF 6P



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

TIME (HOURS)	TIME FROM BEGINNING OF BREACH (HOURS)	INTERPOLATED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	COMPUTED BREACH HYDROGRAPH (CFS)	ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (CFS)	ACCUMULATED ERROR (AC-FT)
40.833	.583	4907.	5003.	-95.	-95.	-3.
40.875	.625	5019.	5165.	-146.	-1108.	-4.
40.917	.667	5130.	5261.	-132.	-1240.	-4.
40.958	.708	5241.	5318.	-77.	-1317.	-5.
41.000	.750	5352.	5352.	0.	-1317.	-5.
41.042	.792	5364.	5373.	-9.	-1326.	-5.
41.083	.833	5376.	5386.	-10.	-1336.	-5.
41.125	.875	5388.	5396.	-8.	-1343.	-5.
41.167	.917	5400.	5404.	-5.	-1348.	-5.
41.208	.958	5412.	5414.	-2.	-1350.	-5.
41.250	1.000	5424.	5424.	0.	-1350.	-5.
41.292	1.042	5601.	5494.	107.	-1243.	-4.
41.333	1.083	5778.	5652.	126.	-1117.	-4.
41.375	1.125	5955.	5647.	108.	-1009.	-3.
41.417	1.167	6132.	6056.	76.	-932.	-3.
41.458	1.208	6309.	6270.	39.	-893.	-3.
41.500	1.250	6487.	6487.	0.	-893.	-3.
41.542	1.292	6993.	6829.	164.	-729.	-2.
41.583	1.333	7500.	7335.	164.	-565.	-2.
41.625	1.375	8006.	7879.	127.	-437.	-2.
41.667	1.417	8513.	8429.	84.	-353.	-1.
41.708	1.458	9019.	8978.	41.	-312.	-1.
41.750	1.500	9526.	9526.	0.	-312.	-1.
41.792	1.542	9970.	10020.	-50.	-362.	-1.
41.833	1.583	10414.	10456.	-42.	-405.	-1.
41.875	1.625	10850.	10890.	-32.	-437.	-2.
41.917	1.667	11302.	11323.	-21.	-458.	-2.
41.958	1.708	11746.	11757.	-11.	-469.	-2.
42.000	1.750	12190.	12190.	0.	-469.	-2.
42.042	1.792	12176.	12351.	-175.	-644.	-3.
42.083	1.833	12161.	12265.	-104.	-751.	-3.
42.125	1.875	12146.	12230.	-84.	-835.	-3.
42.167	1.917	12132.	12185.	-53.	-888.	-3.
42.208	1.958	12117.	12143.	-26.	-914.	-3.
42.250	2.000	12103.	12103.	0.	-914.	-3.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

WJV

DATE _____

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB

DATE _____

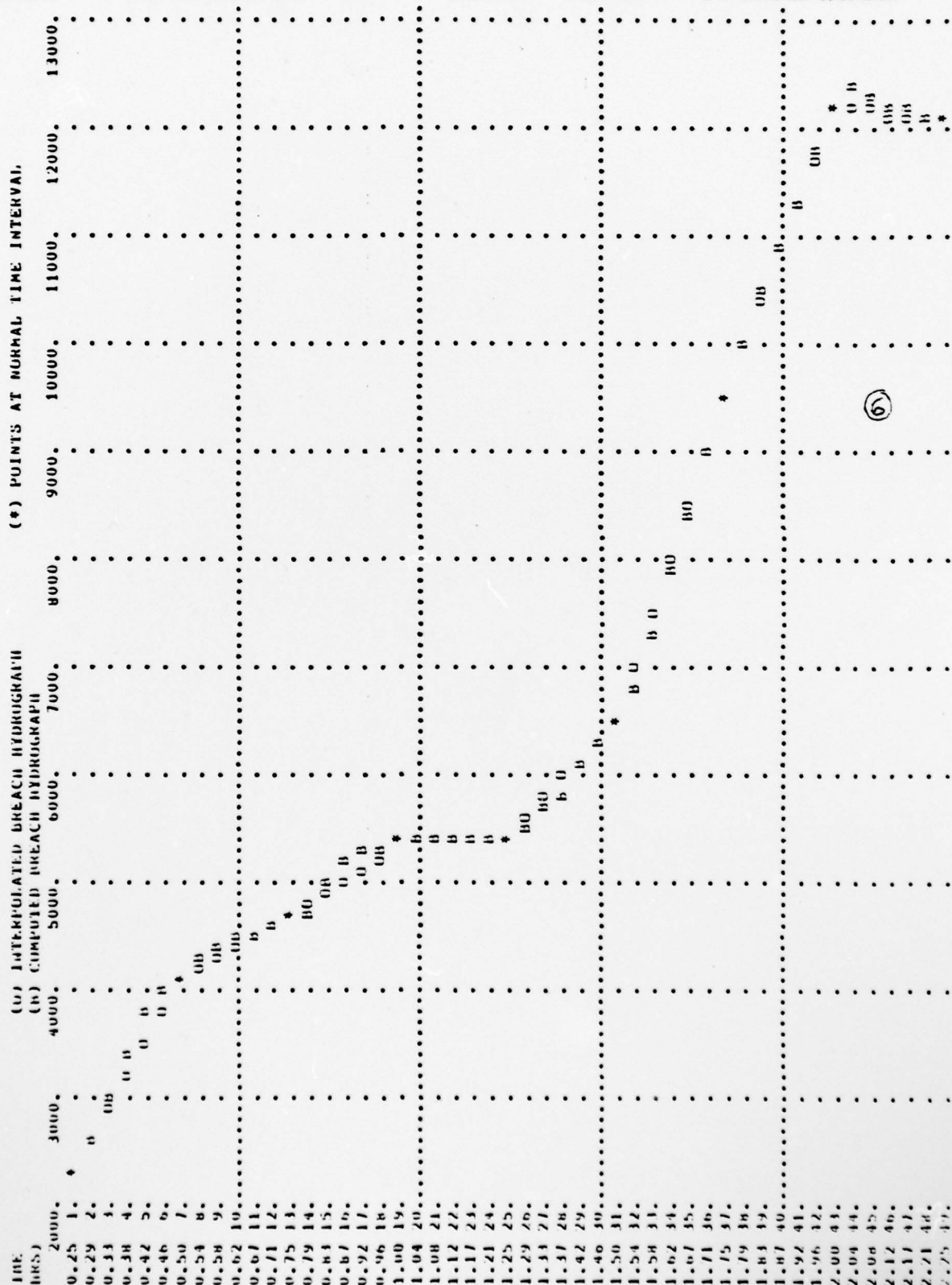
6-29-79

SHEET NO.

AA OF BE



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists



SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

BY WJV

DATE

6-26-79

PROJ. NO.

79-617-527CHKD. BY DLB

DATE

6-29-79

SHEET NO.

BB OF BBEngineers • Geologists • Planner
Environmental Specialists

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM

PLAN	RATIO OF PAF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR ELEV	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	TOP OF DAM ELEV
6	.50	1723.91	781.	11255.	.33	41.96	41.25		

ROUTED BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM BREACH
OUTFLOW PRIOR TO INFLOW INTO
POTTSGROVE DAM RESERVOIR

PLAN	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
6	.50	10661.	1345.5	42.25

POTTSGROVE DAM

PLAN	RATIO OF PAF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR ELEV	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	TOP OF DAM ELEV
6	.50	1333.31	145.	12351.	.38	42.04	40.25		

DOWNSTREAM
ROUTING
RESULTS

SECTION 5

PLAN	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
6	.50	12213.	1285.1	42.25

SECTION 6

PLAN	RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
6	.50	12246.	1266.7	42.25

LIST OF REFERENCES

1. "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams," prepared by Department of the Army Office of the Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C. (Appendix D).
2. "Unit Hydrograph Concepts and Calculations," by Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District (L-519).
3. "Seasonal Variation of Probable Maximum Precipitation East of the 105th Meridian for Areas from 10 to 1,000 Square Miles and Duration of 6, 12, 24, and 48 Hours," Hydrometeorological Report No. 33, prepared by J. T. Riedel, J. F. Appleby and R. W. Schloemer Hydrologic Service Division Hydrometeorological Section, U. S. Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers, Washington, D. C., April 1956.
4. Design of Small Dams, U. S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation, Washington, D. C., 1973.
5. Handbook of Hydraulic, H. W. King and E. F. Brater, McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, 1963.
6. Standard Handbook for Civil Engineers, F. S. Merritt McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, 1968.
7. Open-Channel Hydraulics, V. T. Chow, McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, 1959.
8. Weir Experiments, Coefficients, and Formulas, R. E. Horton, Water Supply and Irrigation Paper No. 200, Department of the Interior, United States Geological Survey, Washington, D. C., 1907.
9. "Probable Maximum Precipitation Susquehanna River Drainage Above Harrisburg, Pennsylvania," Hydrometeorological Report 40, prepared by H. V. Goodyear and J. T. Riedel, Hydrometeorological Branch Office of Hydrology, U. S. Weather Bureau, U. S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., May 1965.
10. Flood Hydrograph Package (HEC-1) Dam Safety Version, Hydrologic Engineering Center, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Davis, California, July 1978.
11. "Simulation of Flow Through Broad Crest Navigation Dams with Radial Gates," R. W. Schmitt, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh District.

12. "Hydraulics of Bridge Waterways," BPR, 1970, Discharge Coefficient Based on Criteria for Embankment Shaped Weirs, Figure 24, page 46.
13. Applied Hydraulics in Engineering, Morris, Henry M. and Wiggert, James N., Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, 2nd Edition, The Ronald Press Company, New York, 1972.
14. Standard Mathematical Tables, 21st Edition, The Chemical Rubber Company, 1973, page 15.
15. Engineering Field Manual, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, 2nd Edition, Washington, D. C. 1969.

APPENDIX C-1
SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY

WJV

DATE

6-12-79

PROJ. NO.

73-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-19-79

SHEET NO.

1

OF

13



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

DAM STATISTICS

HEIGHT OF DAM \approx 53 FT

(FIELD MEASURED)

MAXIMUM POOL STORAGE CAPACITY \approx 780 ACFT (FROM HEC-1)
@ TOP OF DAM

NORMAL POOL STORAGE CAPACITY \approx 580 ACFT (SEE NOTE 1)

DRAINAGE AREA \approx 2.2 SQ MI.

PLANNIMETERED OFF USGS 7.5
MINUTE BELLWOOD AND
FRANKETOWN, PA QUADS

NOTE 1: STORAGE VALUE OBTAINED FROM "DAMS, RESERVOIRS,
AND NATURAL LAKES", WATER RESOURCES BULLETIN
NO 5, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, DEPARTMENT
OF FORESTS AND WATER, HARRISBURG, PA. THE REPORTED
VALUE WAS 189 MILLION GALLONS.

DAM CLASSIFICATION

DAM SIZE - INTERMEDIATE

(REF 1, TABLE 1)

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION - HIGH

(FIELD OBSERVATION)

REQUIRED CDF - PMF

(REF 1, TABLE 3)

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV DATE 6-12-79 PROJ. NO. 79-G17-527

CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 2 OF 13



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS

LENGTH OF LONGEST WATERCOURSE ≈ 1.5 MI

$L_{CA} \approx 0.4$ MI (MEASURED ALONG LONGEST WATERCOURSE
FROM THE DAM TO THE CENTROID OF THE BASIN)

NOTE 2: VALUES OF L AND L_{CA} ARE MEASURED FROM USGS
7.5 MINUTE BELLWOOD AND FRANKSTOWN, PA QUADS.
ALL VARIABLES ARE DEFINED IN REF 2 IN THE
SECTION ENTITLED, "SNYDER SYNTHETIC UNIT
HYDROGRAPH".

$C_+ \approx 1.5$

$C_p \approx 0.55$

[SUPPLIED BY COE ; ZONE 21
SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN]

$t_p = \text{SNYDER'S STANDARD LAG} = 1.5 (L \times L_{CA})^{0.3}$

$\therefore t_p \approx 1.5 (1.5 \times 0.4)^{0.3} \approx 1.29$ HR

RESERVOIR SURFACE AREAS

SURFACE AREA (SA) @ NORMAL POOL EL 1719.3 ≈ 29 AC

NOTE 3: NORMAL POOL EL 1719.3 OBTAINED FROM DESIGN DRWS
AS FOUND IN PENRODER FILES. NORMAL POOL SURFACE
AREA OF 29 AC FOUND IN THE REFERENCE OF NOTE 1,
AND ROUGHLY CHECKED BY PLANIMETERING THE LAKE
AREA AS SHOWN ON THE USGS BELLWOOD QUAD.

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV DATE 6-13-79 PROJ. NO. 79-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 3 OF 13



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

SA @ EL 1720 \approx 35.8 AC

SA @ EL 1740 \approx 52.8 AC

PLANIMETERED OFF THE
USGS 7.5 MINUTE
BELLWOOD, PA QUAD

RATE OF SA INCREASE PER FOOT OF RESERVOIR RISE BETWEEN
ELEVATIONS 1720 AND 1740 :

$$\Delta SA / \Delta H \approx (52.8 - 35.8) \text{ AC} / (1740 - 1720) \text{ FT} \approx 0.95 \text{ AC/FT}$$

$$\text{SA @ TOP OF DAM EL 1723.8} \approx 35.8 \text{ AC} + [0.95 \frac{\text{AC}}{\text{FT}} \times (1723.8 - 1720)] \\ \text{(FIELD MEASURED)} \approx 39.0 \text{ AC}$$

RESERVOIR ELEVATION @ "0" STORAGE

NORMAL POOL VOLUME $\approx \frac{1}{3} HA \approx 530 \text{ AC-FT}$ (CONIC METHOD)

SA @ NORMAL POOL $\approx 29 \text{ AC}$ (SEE NOTE 3)

$$\therefore H = \frac{3V}{A} \approx 3(530 \text{ AC-FT}) / (29 \text{ AC}) \approx 60 \text{ FT}$$

ZERO VOLUME ELEVATION $\approx 1719.3 - 60 \approx 1659.3 \text{ FT}$

NOTE 4: ALTHOUGH THE ACTUAL MINIMUM RESERVOIR ELEVATION IS PROBABLY HIGHER THAN THE ABOVE COMPUTED VALUE, IN ORDER TO CALCULATE A STORAGE-ELEVATION RELATIONSHIP AND STILL MAINTAIN A STORAGE OF 530 AC-FT @ EL 1719.3 THE ABOVE "0" STORAGE ELEVATION MUST BE INPUT INTO THE HEC-1 PROGRAM

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY

WJV

DATE

6-13-79

PROJ. NO.

78-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-19-79

SHEET NO.

4

OF 13

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental SpecialistsBRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)ELEVATION-STORAGE RELATIONSHIP

COMPUTED INTERNALLY BY THE HEC-1 PROGRAM BASED ON
THE GIVEN SURFACE AREA VS ELEVATION INFORMATION
(SEE SUMMARY INPUT/OUTPUT SHEETS)

PMP CALCULATIONS

- STANDARD RAINFALL INDEX = 22.2 INCHES (REF 9, FIG 2)
(CORRESPONDING TO A DURATION OF 24 HOURS
AND AN AREA OF 200 SQ. MI.)
- GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR $\approx 105\%$ (REF 9, FIG 1)
(CORRESPONDING TO A LONGITUDE OF $78^{\circ}21'$
AND A LATITUDE OF $40^{\circ}30'$)
- CORRECTED RAINFALL INDEX $\approx (22.2 \text{ IN})(1.05) \approx 23.3 \text{ IN}$
- LOCAL DRAINAGE AREA $\approx 2.2 \text{ SQ. MI.}$ HOWEVER, THE STORM
WILL BE CENTERED OVER THE TOTAL DA ABOVE POTTSGROVE DAM
 $\approx 3.1 \text{ SQ. MI.} \Rightarrow$ ASSUME THAT THE 10 SQ. MI. VALUES CAN
EFFECTIVELY REPRESENT THE 3.1 SQ. MI. AREA:

DURATION (HR)	PERCENT OF INDEX RAINFALL (%)	DURATION (HR)	PERCENT OF INDEX RAINFALL (%)
6	117.5	48	142.5
12	127.0	72	145.0
24	136.0		

- HOP BROOK FACTOR (ADJUSTMENT FOR BASIN SHAPE AS WELL AS FOR
THE LESSEK LIKELIHOOD OF A SEVERE STORM CENTERING OVER A SMALL
BASIN) CORRESPONDING TO A DA $\approx 3.1 \text{ SQ. MI.}$ ($< 10 \text{ SQ. MI.}$) $\Rightarrow 0.80$ (REF 4, FIG 1)

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTS GROVE DAM

BY

WJV

DATE

6-13-79

PROJ. NO.

78-G17-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-19-79

SHEET NO.

5 OF 13

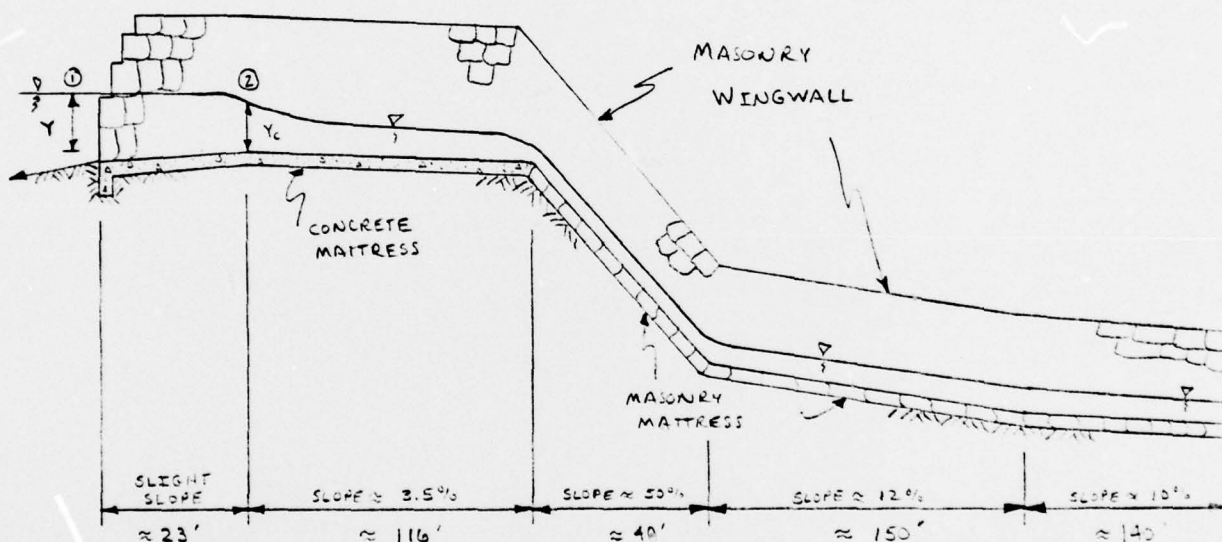
gai
CONSULTANTS.

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

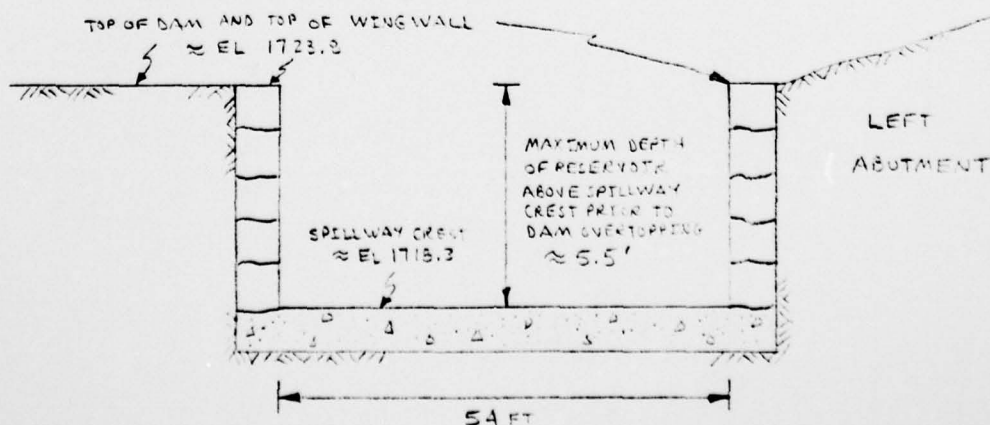
BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

SPILLWAY CAPACITY

- PROFILE OF SPILLWAY : (NOT TO SCALE)
(FROM FIELD MEASUREMENT AND OBSERVATION ; AND AVAILABLE DESIGN DRWGS)



- CROSS-SECTION OF SPILLWAY : (NOT TO SCALE)
(FROM FIELD MEASUREMENT AND OBSERVATION ; AND AVAILABLE DESIGN DRWGS)



SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY

WJV

DATE

6-13-79

PROJ. NO.

73-617-527

CHKD. BY

DLB

DATE

6-19-79

SHEET NO.

6

OF

12

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental SpecialistsBRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

- THE CRITICAL FLOW CONTROL CHUTE CHANNEL SPILLWAY HAS DISCHARGE DICTATED BY CRITICAL DEPTH @ SECTION ② (SEE SKETCH ON SHEET 5). CRITICAL DEPTH WILL OCCUR @ ② DUE TO THE ABRUPT CHANGE FROM AN UPSTREAM ADVERSE SLOPE TO A DOWNSTREAM SUPERCRITICAL SLOPE. THE MAXIMUM RESERVOIR DEPTH (ABOVE THE SPILLWAY CREST) PRIOR TO EMBANKMENT OVERTOPPING ($Y_m \approx 5.5$ FT) OCCURS @ SECTION ①
- ENERGY BALANCE BETWEEN ① AND ②

$$Y_m + \frac{U_1^2}{2g} + Z_1 = Y_c + \frac{U_c^2}{2g} + Z_2 + H_L \quad (\text{REF 7, PG 40})$$

WHERE U_1 = VELOCITY OF APPROACH CHANNEL, IN FPS;
 Z_1 = ELEVATION DATUM = ELEVATION OF SPILLWAY CREST ($Z_1 - Z_2 = 0$);
 U_c = CRITICAL VELOCITY, IN FPS; AND
 H_L = TOTAL HEAD LOSS BETWEEN ① AND ② = ENTRANCE LOSS + FRICTION LOSS.

$$\therefore Y_m + \frac{U_1^2}{2g} = 5.5 + \frac{U_1^2}{2g} = Y_c + \frac{U_c^2}{2g} + H_L$$

$$- U_1 = Q/A_1 = Q/(54 \text{ FT} \times 5.5 \text{ FT}) = Q/297 \text{ FT}^2$$

$$\frac{U_c^2}{2g} = Y_c/2 \quad \text{FOR RECTANGULAR, CRITICAL FLOW CHANNEL (REF 13, PG 14)}$$

$$H_L = \text{CHANNEL FRICTION LOSS} + \text{ENTRANCE LOSS}$$

$$= S_f L + 0.1 \frac{U_1^2}{2g} \quad (\text{WHERE } S_f = \text{FRICTION SLOPE})$$

(REF 4, PG 379)

$L = \text{APPROACH CHANNEL LENGTH} \approx 23 \text{ FT}$

$$S_f = \left(\frac{Q^{1.49}}{1.49 A C^{1.49}} \right)^2$$

WHERE n = CHANNEL ROUGHNESS FACTOR
 ≈ 0.02 (CONCRETE BOTTOM W/
 DRESSED STONE IN MORTAR, RE
 7.25.11.1. AND

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV

DATE

6-13-79

PROJ. NO.

79-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB

DATE

6-19-79

SHEET NO.

7 OF 13

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental SpecialistsBRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLER DAM)

$$R = \frac{\text{APPROACH CHANNEL FLOW AREA}}{\text{APPROACH CHANNEL WETTED PERIMETER}}$$

$$\approx A_1 / (54 \text{ FT} + 5.5 \text{ FT})$$

$$\approx 297 / 59.5 \approx 4.99 \text{ FT}$$

$$S_f \approx \left[\frac{Q^{(0.02)}}{1.49 (297) (4.99)^{2/3}} \right]^2 \approx (2.39 \times 10^{-10}) Q^2$$

- THEREFORE :

$$5.5 + \frac{Q^2}{2g(297)^2} = \frac{3}{2} Y_c + [23 \times (2.39 \times 10^{-10} \times Q^2)] + 0.1 \frac{Q^2}{2g(297)^2}$$

$$5.5 = \frac{3}{2} Y_c - (1.54 \times 10^{-7}) Q^2$$

ALSO, CRITICAL FLOW IN A RECTANGULAR CHANNEL CAN BE DEFINED BY : (REF 13, PG 143)

$$Y_c = \sqrt[3]{\frac{q^2}{g}} \quad \text{WHERE } q = Q / 54 \text{ FT}$$

$$Y_c = \sqrt[3]{(1.07 \times 10^{-5}) Q^2}$$

$$\text{- BY TRIAL AND ERROR } \Rightarrow \quad Q \approx 3020 \text{ CFS}$$

$$Y_c \approx 4.60 \text{ FT}$$

(SINCE THE DS CHANNEL SLOPE $\approx 3.5\%$ \Rightarrow CRITICAL FLOW WILL CONTROL)

SPILLWAY RATING CURVE

THE SPILLWAY RATING CURVE IS BASED ON THE PROCEDURE OF SHEETS 6 AND 7, AND THE EQUATIONS

$$Y + \frac{Q^2}{2g(54Y)^2} = \frac{3}{2} Y_c + 23 S_f + 0.1 \frac{Q^2}{2g(54Y)^2}$$

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION
POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV DATE 6-14-79 PROJ. NO. 73-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 8 OF 13



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
 Environmental Specialists

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

$$S_f = \left[\frac{Q^{(0.02)}}{1.49 (54Y) \left(\frac{54Y}{54+Y} \right)^{1.49}} \right]^2$$

$$Y_c = \sqrt[3]{(1.07 \times 10^{-5}) Q^2}$$

WHERE Y = RESERVOIR DEPTH (ABOVE SPILLWAY CREST)
 @ THE ASSUMED ELEVATION

ELEVATION (FT)	Y (FT)	FINAL ASSUMED Y _c (FT)	FINAL ASSUMED Q (CFS)	
1718.3	0	-	0	} ROUNDED FLOW VALUES
1719.3	1.0	0.76	200	
1720.3	2.0	1.60	620	
1721.3	3.0	2.46	1180	
1722.3	4.0	3.31	1940	
1723.3	5.0	4.16	2590	
LOW TOP OF DAM ELEVATION 1723.5	5.5	4.60	3020	
1724.3	6.5	5.44	3980	
1725.3	7.5	6.29	4820	

EMBANKMENT RATING CURVE

ASSUME THAT THE EMBANKMENT ACTS LIKE A BROAD-CRESTED WEIR WHEN OVERTOPPED. THEREFORE, DISCHARGE IS DEFINED BY:

$$Q = CLH^{3/2} \quad (\text{REF 5, PG 5-3})$$

WHERE Q = DISCHARGE, IN CFS;
 L = LENGTH OF EMBANKMENT ≈ 530 FT (FIELD MEASURE)
 H = HEIGHT OF RESERVOIR ABOVE EMBANKMENT CREST

AD-A078 899

GAI CONSULTANTS INC MONROEVILLE PA

F/6 13/13

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM. POTTS6ROVE DAM (NDI I.D. NUMBE--ETC(U)

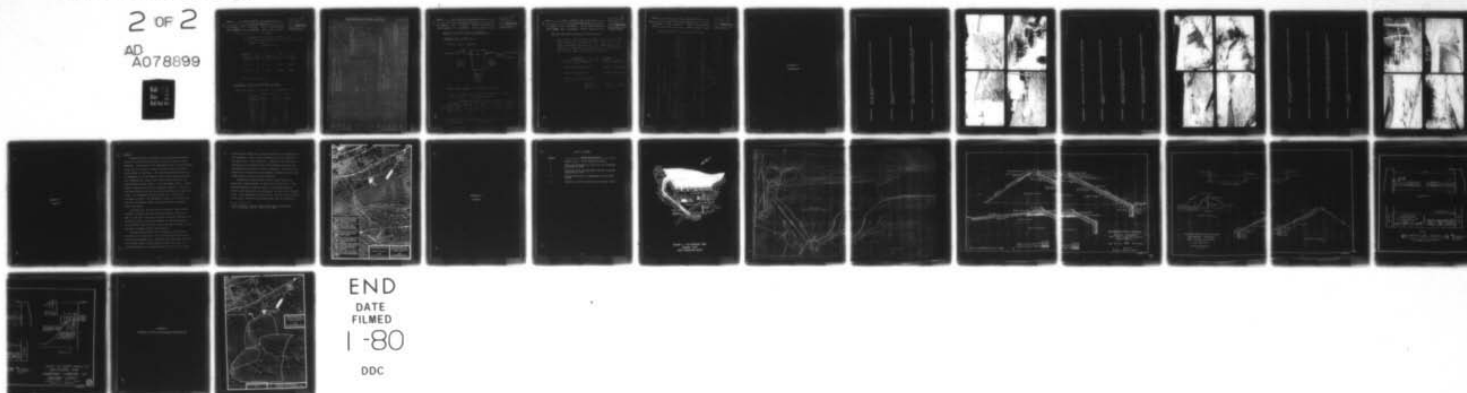
DACW31-79-C-0013

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

2 OF 2

AD
A078899



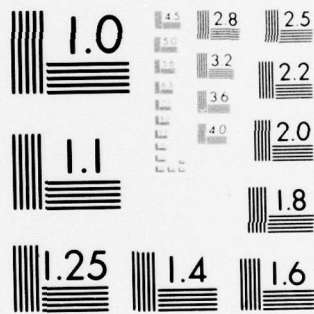
END

DATE

FILMED

1-80

DDC



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTIONPOTTSGROVE DAMBY WJV DATE 6-14-79 PROJ. NO. 73-G17-527CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-19-79 SHEET NO. 9 OF 13BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

ELEVATION OF 1723.9 FT, IN FT; AND
 $C = \text{DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT} \approx f(H/L, W/L = \text{CREST WIDTH} \approx 10 \text{ FT})$

↳ FIELD MEASURED

ELEVATION (FT)	H (FT)	H/L (FT/FT)	C*	Q (CFS)
1723.9	0	0	-	0
1724.9	1	0.1	3.03	2510
1725.9	2	0.2	3.07	7210

* FROM REF 12, PG 46

TOTAL FACILITY RATING CURVE

TOTAL DISCHARGE = SPILLWAY Q + EMBANKMENT Q

ELEVATION (FT)	SPILLWAY Q (CFS)	EMBANKMENT Q (CFS)	TOTAL Q (CFS)
1719.2	0	-	0
1719.3	200	-	200
1720.3	620	-	620
1721.3	1130	-	1130
1722.2	1840	-	1840
1723.2	2590	-	2590
1723.9	3020	0	3020
1724.9	3980	2510	6490
1725.9	4920	7210	12030

DOWNSTREAM ROUTING SECTIONS

SHEET 10 OF 12

SECTION 2 @ 3000 FT DS FROM
BROWN MOUNTAIN DAM

INVERT @ 1517 FT

NEW 5' DIA. 2.0% SLOPE TO P.S. 12

CHANNEL SLOPE @ 4.2%

CHS SECTION INFORMATION
OBTAINED FROM FIELD OBSERVATION
AND USED THIS MAP

STATION (FT)

SECTION 3 @ 7400 FT DS FROM BROWN MOUNTAIN DAM

INVERT @ 1382 FT (CA 1200 FT US FROM ADJUTANT'S DAM)

NEW 5' DIA. 2.0% SLOPE TO P.S. 12

CHANNEL SLOPE @ 4.2%

CHS SECTION INFORMATION
OBTAINED FROM FIELD OBSERVATION
AND USED THIS MAP

STATION (FT)

ELEVATION (FT)

ELEVATION (FT)

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV DATE 6-21-79 PROJ. NO. 79-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-23-79 SHEET NO. 11 OF 13

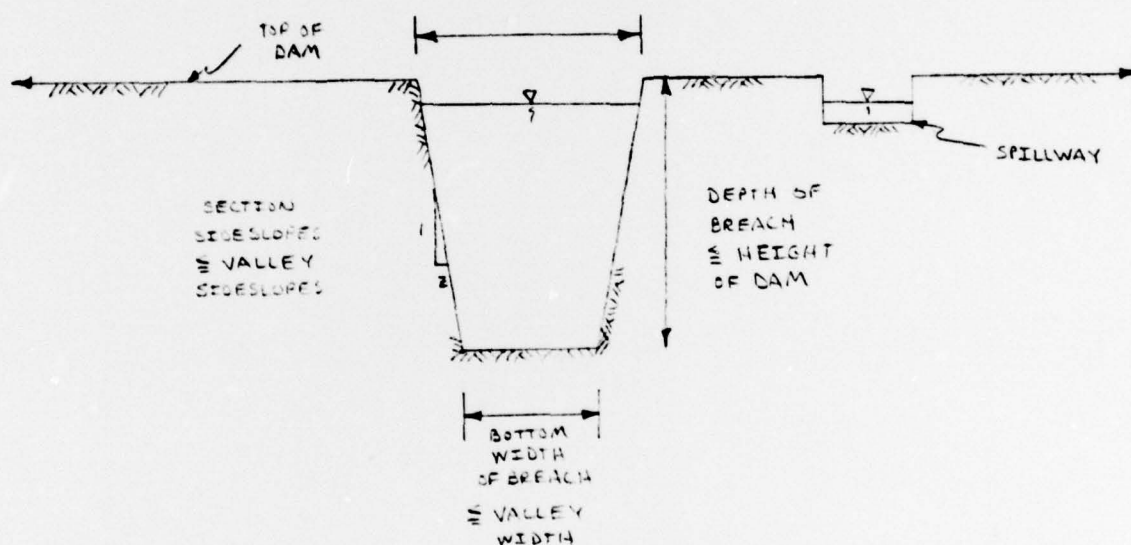


Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

BREACH ASSUMPTIONS

- TYPICAL BREACH SECTION



- HEC-1 - DAM BREACHING ANALYSIS INPUTS:

(BREACHING WILL BEGIN WHEN THE RESERVOIR LEVEL REACHES THE TOP OF DAM ELEVATION)

PLAN NUMBER AND COMMENT	BREACH BOTTOM WIDTH (FT)	MAX. BREACH DEPTH (FT)	SECTION SIDESLOPES	* BREACH TIME (HR)	WHEEL START OF FAILURE (FT)
** ② AVERAGE POSSIBLE CONDITIONS	100	53	2 to 1	2.0	1723.8

* BREACH TIME = TOTAL TIME NECESSARY TO REACH FINAL BREACH DEPTH

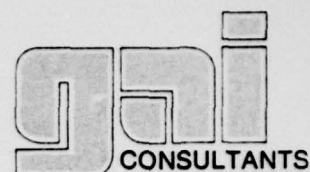
** PLAN ② WILL BE UNDER 0.5 PMF CONDITIONS

SUBJECT DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

POTTSGROVE DAM

BY WJV DATE 6-21-79 PROJ. NO. 73-617-527

CHKD. BY DLB DATE 6-23-79 SHEET NO. 12 OF 13



Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

- THE BREACH ASSUMPTIONS LISTED ON SHEET 11 ARE BASED SOMEWHAT ON INFORMATION CONCERNING EARTH DAM BREACHING PROVIDED BY THE COE, BALTIMORE DISTRICT; AND ALSO ON THE PHYSICAL CONSTRAINTS OF THE DAM AND SURROUNDING TERRAIN:

CONSTRAINT	VALUE
- HEIGHT OF EMBANKMENT	≈ 53 FT (FIELD MEASURED)
- EMBANKMENT CREST LENGTH	≈ 830 FT (FIELD MEASURED)
- VALLEY BOTTOM WIDTH	≈ 300 FT (FIELD MEASURED)
- VALLEY SIDESLOPES ADJACENT TO DAM	
RIGHT WALL	3.5 TO 1
LEFT WALL	5.5 TO 1
	} FIELD MEASURED

SUBJECT

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION

BY

WJV

DATE

6-24-79

PROJ. NO.

79-617-527

CHKD. BY

DATE

SHEET NO.

12 OF 12

Engineers • Geologists • Planners
Environmental Specialists

BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM (KETTLE DAM)

HEC-1-LAM BREACHING ANALYSIS OUTPUT:

RESERVOIR DATA

UNDER 0.5 PMF BASE FLOW CONDITIONS -

* PLAN NUMBER	VARIABLE BREACH BOTTOM WIDTH (FT)	ACTUAL WATERS DURING FAILURE (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF FLOW (HR)	INTERPOLATED PEAK FLOW DURING FAILURE TIME (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF FLOW (HR)	ACTUAL PEAK FLOW THROUGH (CFS)	CORRESPONDING TIME OF PEAK (HR)	TIME OF INITIAL BREACH (HR)
(6)	100	11255	42.00	11195	42.00	11255	41.96	41.25

DOWNSTREAM FLOWING DATA

RESULTANT ROUTED BRUSH MOUNTAIN DAM BREACH OUTPUTS
TO POTTS GROVE DAM TOTAL INFLOW, UNDER 0.5 PMF CONDITIONS -

* PLAN NUMBER	PEAK BREACH INFLOW (CFS)
(6)	10661

@ SECTION 2 LOCATED
740 FT DS FROM BRUSH
MOUNTAIN DAM

* SEE TABLE C-10 SHEET 11

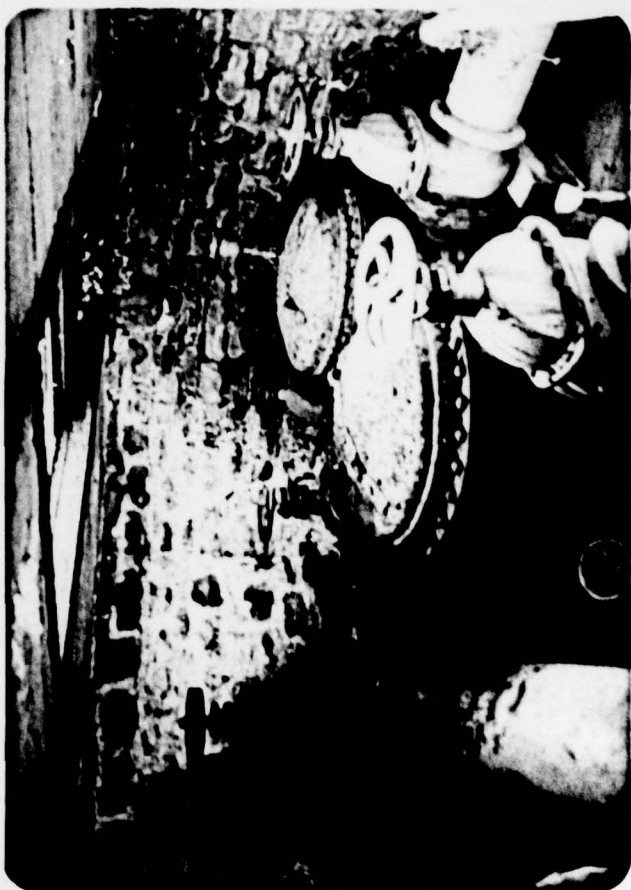
APPENDIX D
PHOTOGRAPHS

PHOTOGRAPH 1 View of the upstream concrete face along the left side of the embankment.

PHOTOGRAPH 2 View of the upstream masonry face along the right side of the embankment.

PHOTOGRAPH 3 View, looking toward the left abutment, of the rock covered downstream slope of Pottsgrove Dam and appurtenant structures.

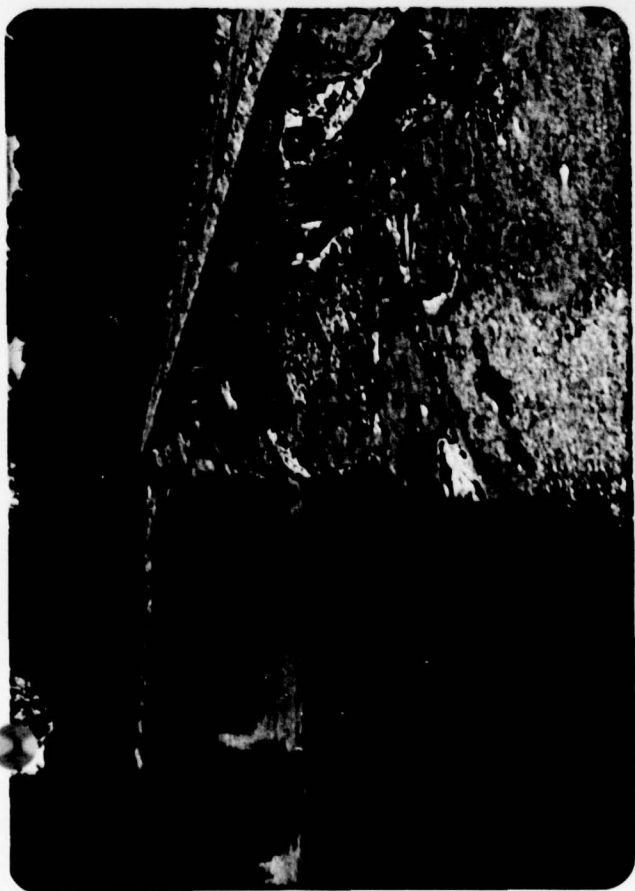
PHOTOGRAPH 4 View of control valves and screen pots within gate house.



2



2



1

PHOTOGRAPH 5 View of the spillway as seen from about 50 feet downstream.

PHOTOGRAPH 6 Close-up view of concrete deterioration spillway crest and wingwall.

PHOTOGRAPH 7 View of the spillway channel as seen from the right wingwall adjacent to the spillway crest.

PHOTOGRAPH 8 View of the spillway channel, looking downstream, approximately 150 feet from the spillway crest.



6



8



5



7

PHOTOGRAPH 9 View, from the embankment crest, of the area immediately downstream of Pottsgrove Dam.

PHOTOGRAPH 10 View of the stream in residential area about 1000 feet from dam.

PHOTOGRAPH 11 View of defunct fire dam located upstream about midway between Pottsgrove Dam and Brush Mountain Dam (Kettle Reservoir).

PHOTOGRAPH 12 Overview of upstream Brush Mountain Dam as viewed from the right abutment.



9



10



11



12

APPENDIX E

GEOLOGY

GEOLOGY

Pottsgrove Dam is located in the Appalachian Mountain Section of the Valley and Ridge Province of Central Pennsylvania. This section lies immediately east of the Allegheny Front and is a region in sharp contrast with the plateau country west of the Front. The Appalachian Mountain Section is composed of a broad band of long, narrow mountain ridges and intermountain valleys which cross the state from the south-central border nearly to the northeast corner. Intense lateral compression from the southeast produced a series of high amplitude anticlines and synclines whose axes generally trend in a southwest-northeast direction. Folding was followed by uplift, and subsequent erosion cut valleys into the soft nonresistant beds, leaving the hard, resistant strata as ridges.

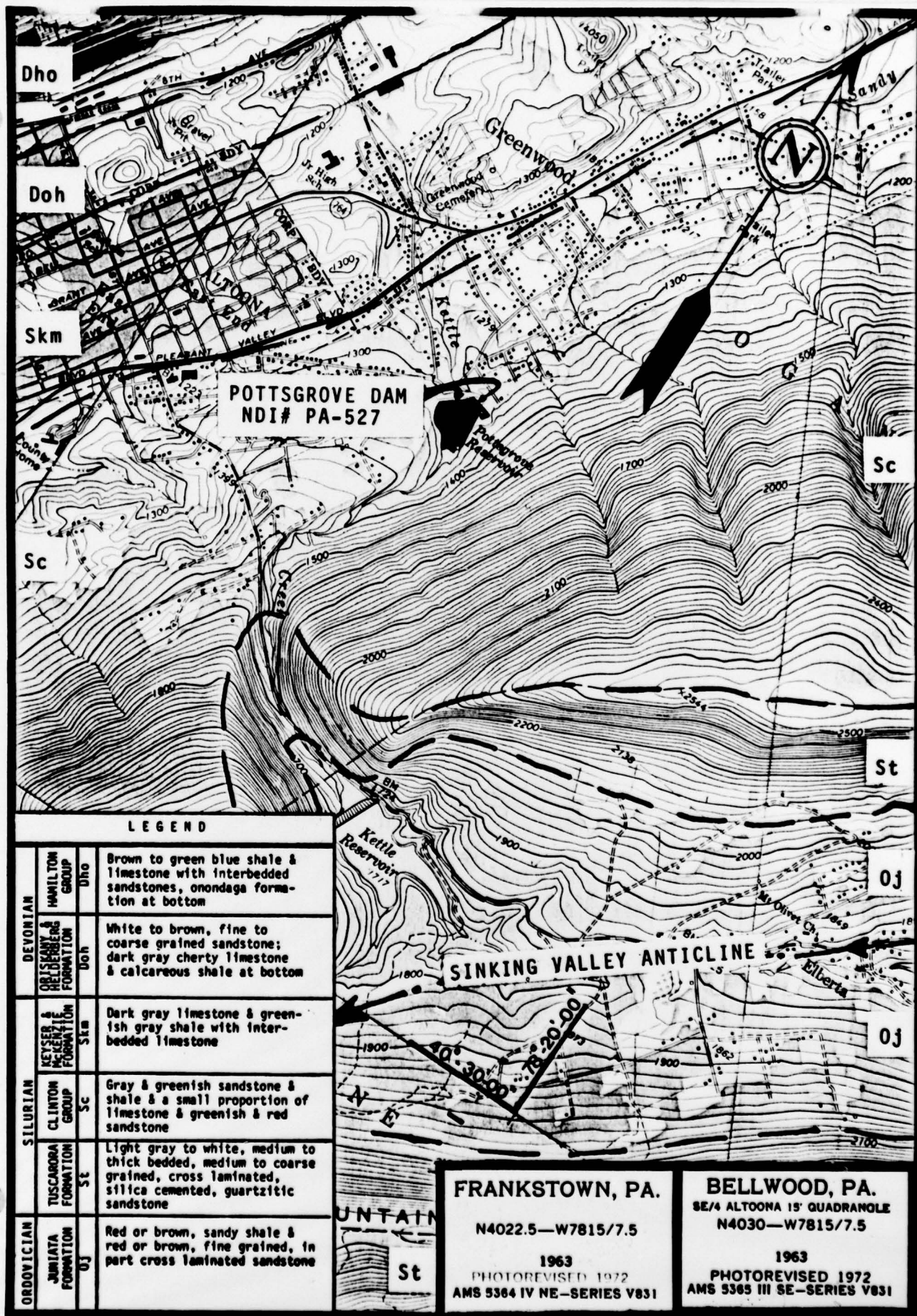
Structurally, the site lies on the west flank of the southwest plunging Sinking Valley Anticline. North and east of the site, the Sinking Valley Anticline continues its structural rise to form the backbone of the Nittany Arch, an area where lower Paleozoic rocks have been brought to the surface by intense folding and faulting.

The dam and reservoir are developed on the Clinton Formation of Silurian age. The Clinton Formation overlies the Tuscarora Formation, a quartzite sandstone that outcrops on the west flank of Brush Mountain above the dam. The Clinton Formation is composed chiefly of gray and greenish

① sandstone and shales and a small proportion of limestone and red sandstone. Most of the limestone is in thin layers in the upper part of the formation. Bedrock at the dam site is reported to be stratified shale and sandstone dipping in a southwesterly direction at about 15 degrees. The shale and sandstone at the dam site are probably representative of the middle portion of the Clinton formation.

Immediately below the dam, Kettle Creek flows on a moderately steep gradient of about 160 feet per mile. The gradient abruptly flattens about 0.5 mile downstream as Kettle Creek approaches the floodplain of the Little Juniata River. The confluence of Kettle Creek and the Little Juniata River occurs about one mile downstream from the reservoir.

¹Butts, Charles, "Hollidaysburg-Huntingdon Quadrangles."
U.S. Geological Survey. Folio 227, 1946.



APPENDIX F
FIGURES

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	<u>Description/Title</u>
1	General Plan - Field Inspection Notes
2	Plan and Topography of Facility with Proposed Revisions of 1918
3	Cross-sections of Embankment Showing Proposed Revisions of 1918
4	As-Built Sections of Embankment and Spillway (1918)
5	Details of 1936 Alterations to Spillway Crest

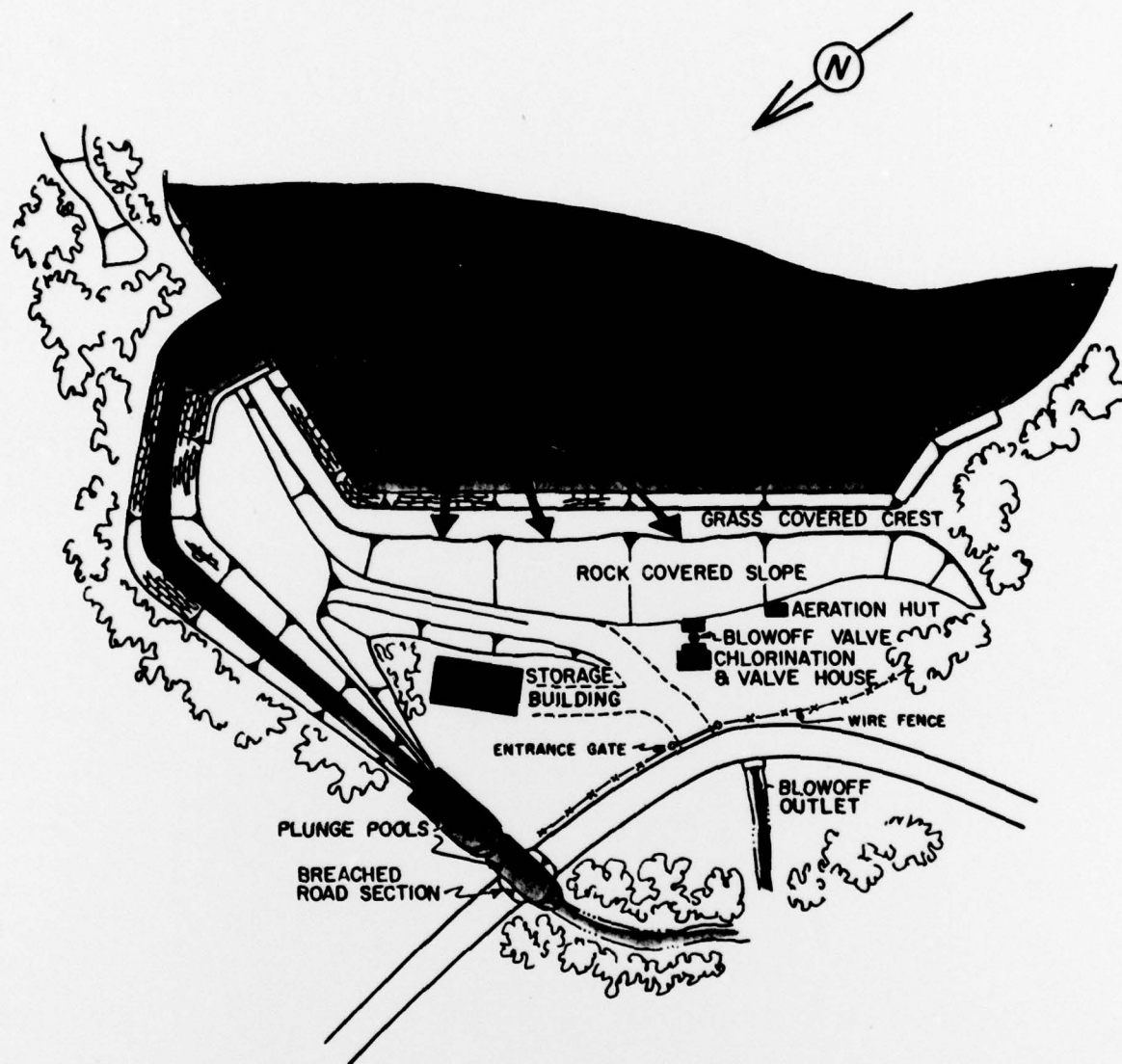
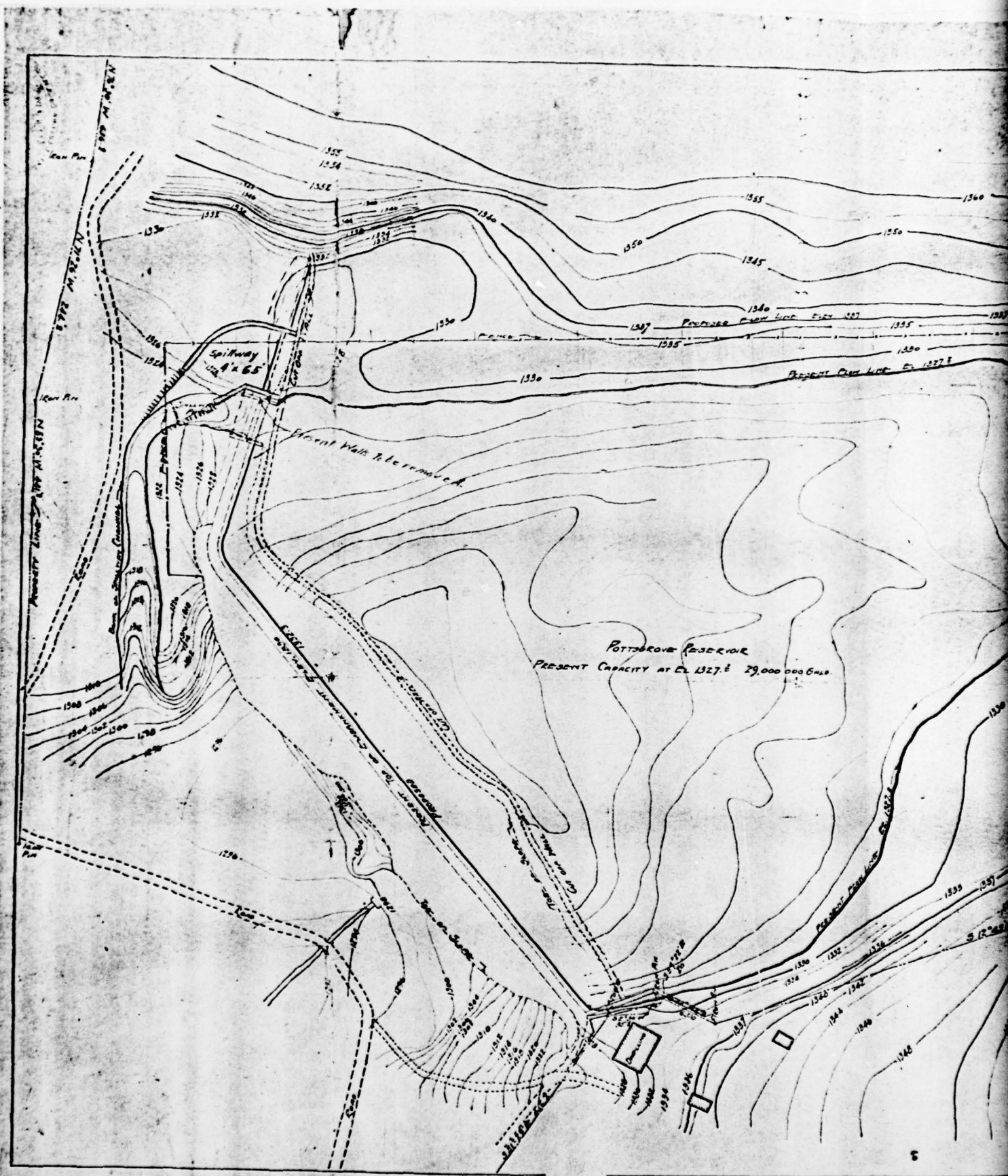


FIGURE 1 - POTTS GROVE DAM
GENERAL PLAN
FIELD INSPECTION NOTES



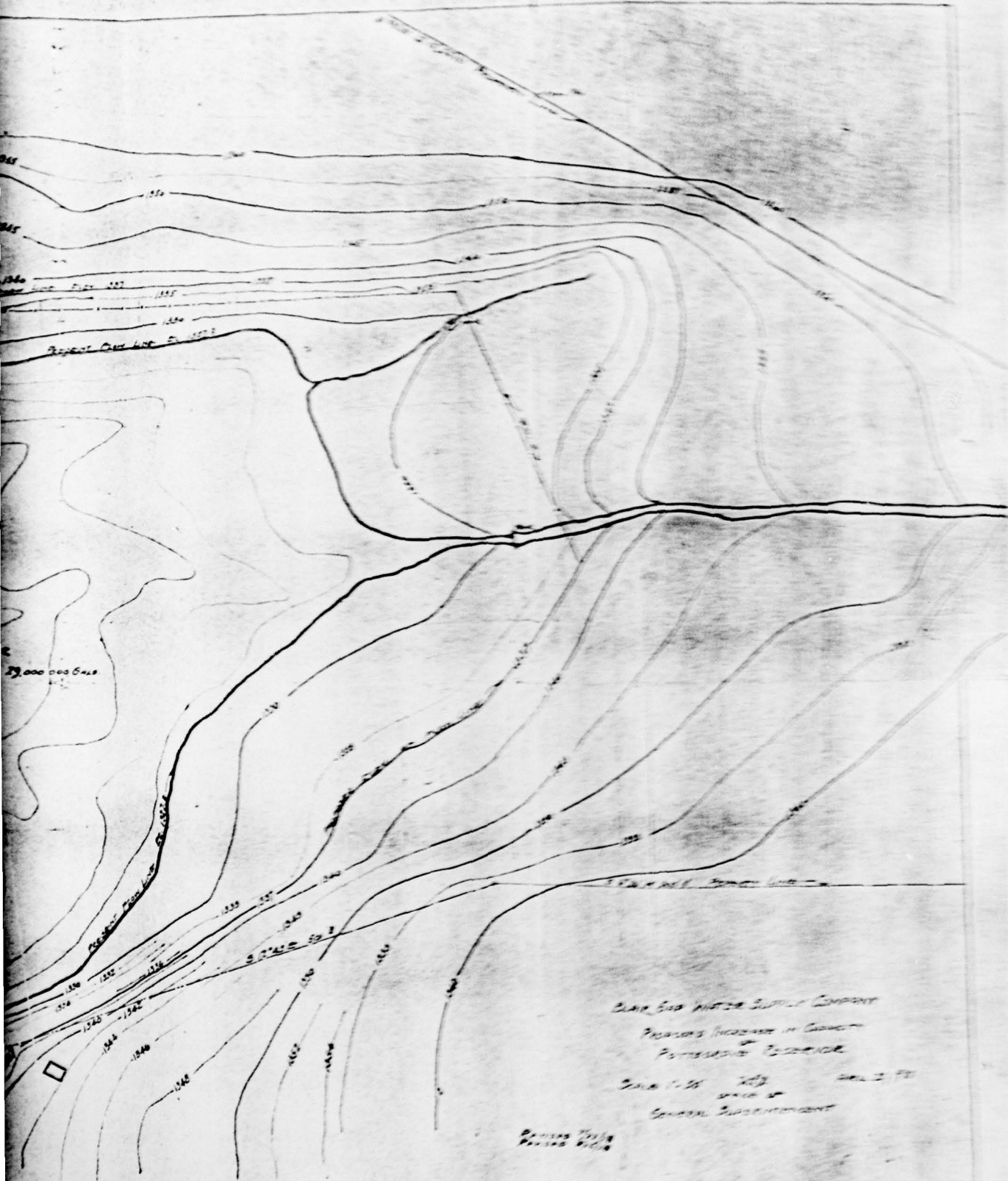
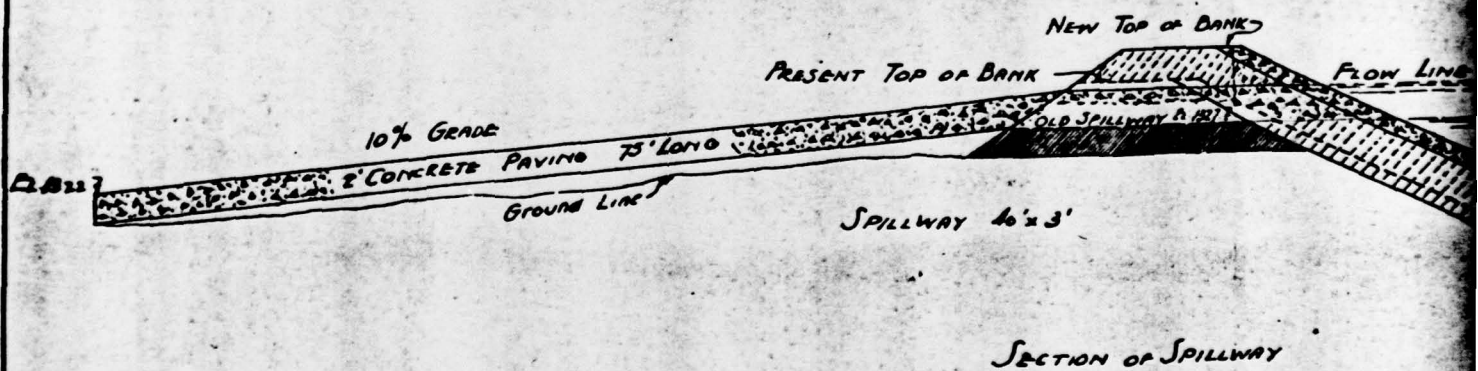
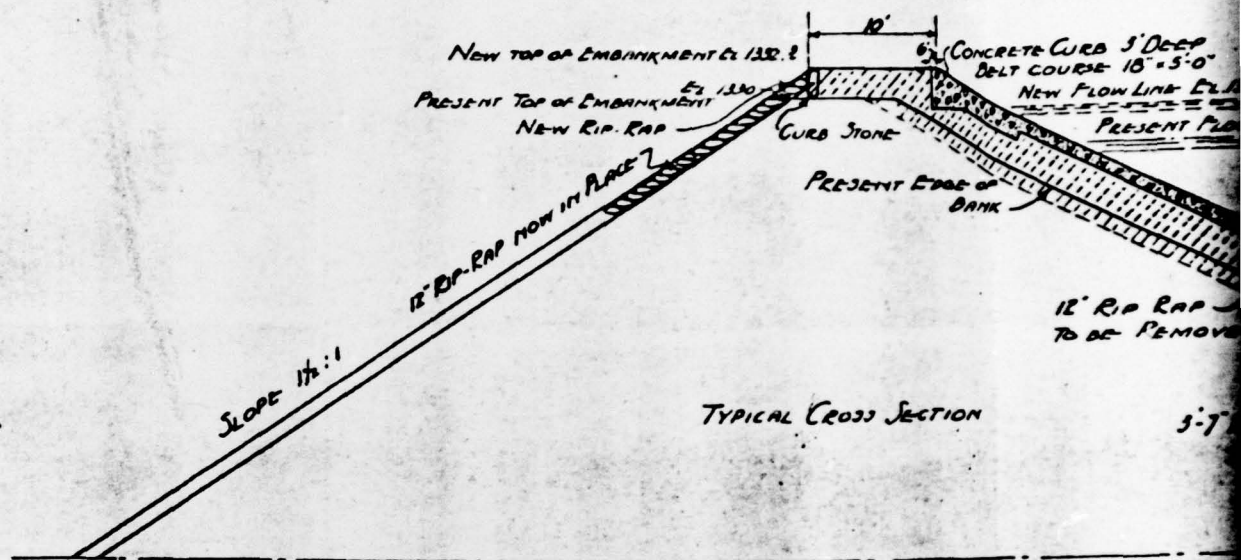


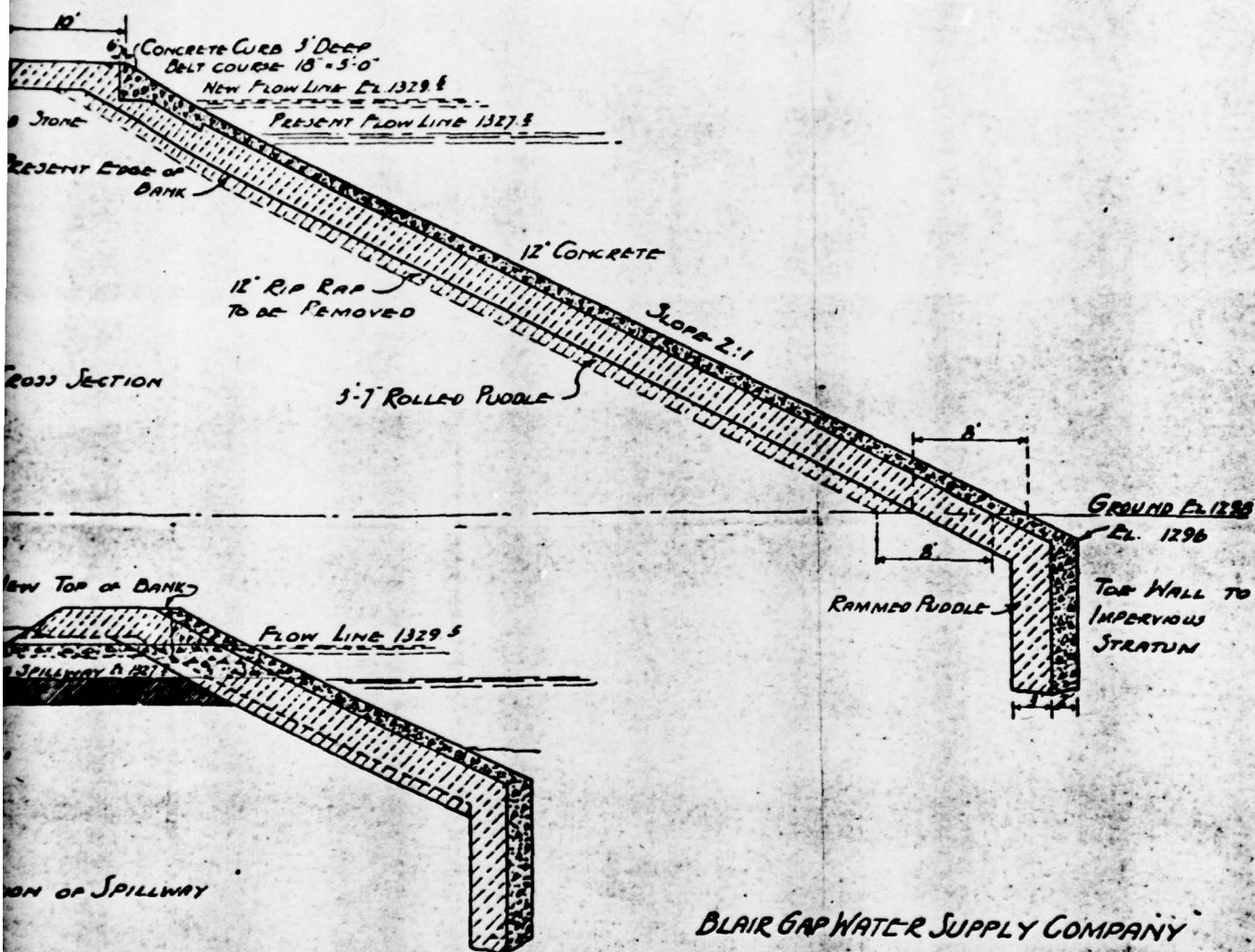
FIGURE 1



PUDDLE FACE TO BE ADDED SHOWN

CONCRETE FACE TO BE ADDED SHOWN

FOR PLAN AND TOPOGRAPHY SEE PLAN NO 16/15



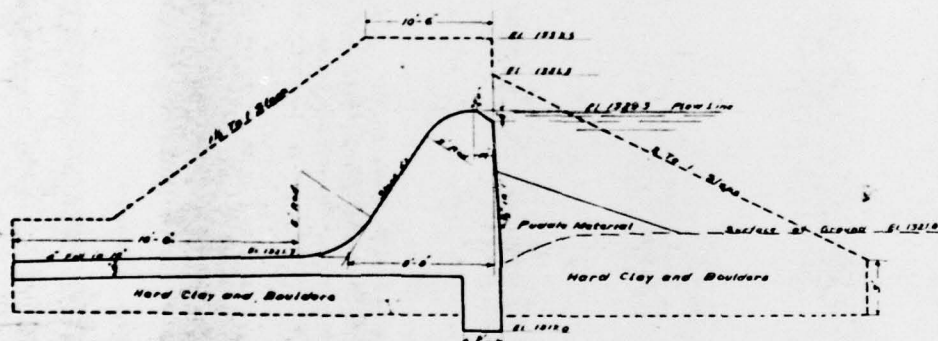
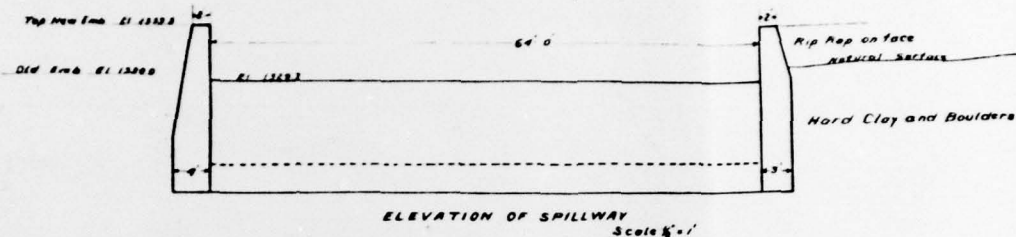
BLAIR GAP WATER SUPPLY COMPANY
POTTSGROVE RESERVOIR
CROSS-SECTION OF RESERVOIR SHOWING
PROPOSED REPAIRS

SCALE 1/8" = 1 FOOT W.R.D. JULY 19, 1918

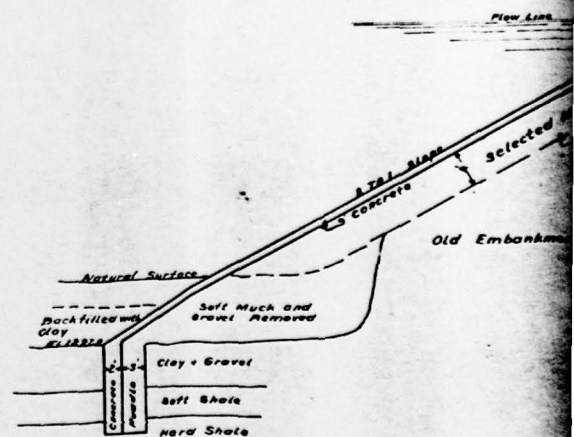
OFFICE OF
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT

FIGURE 3

25/11



SPILLWAY SECTION
Scale $\frac{1}{4}" = 1'$



BLAIR GAP WATER SUPPLY COMPANY
POTTSGROVE RESERVOIR
OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT
OF
WATER COMPANIES

REVISED AS CONSTRUCTED
October 17, 1919

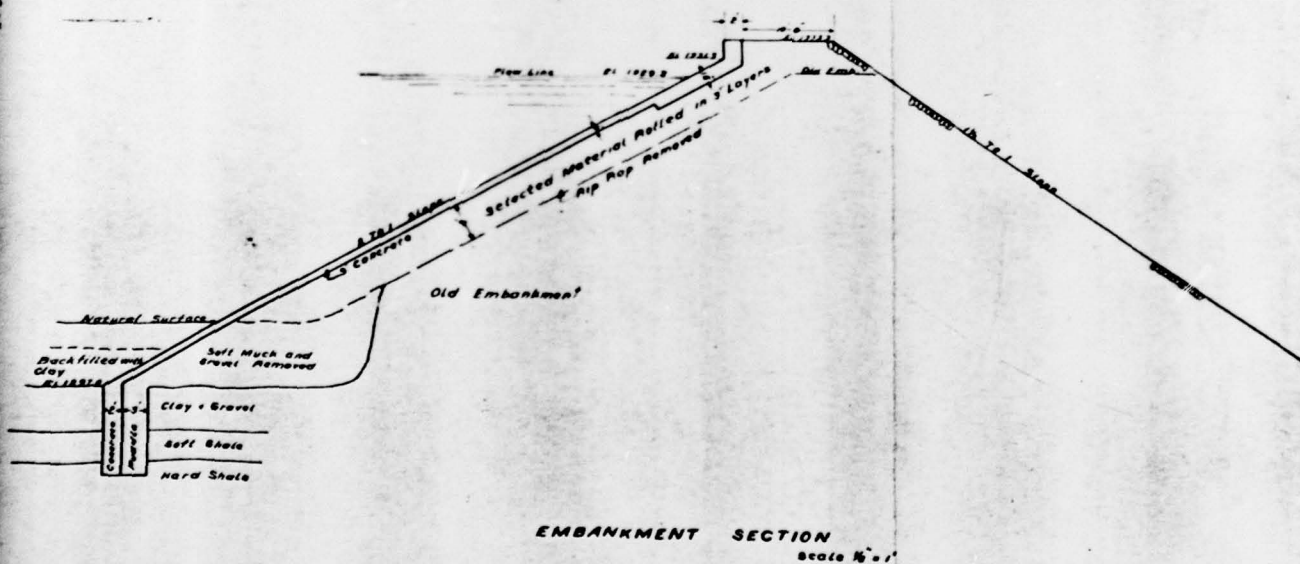
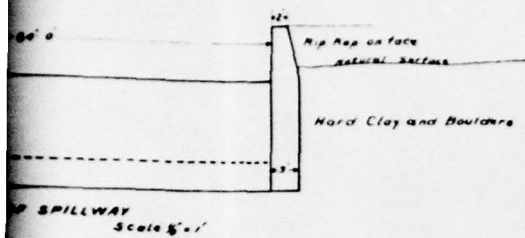
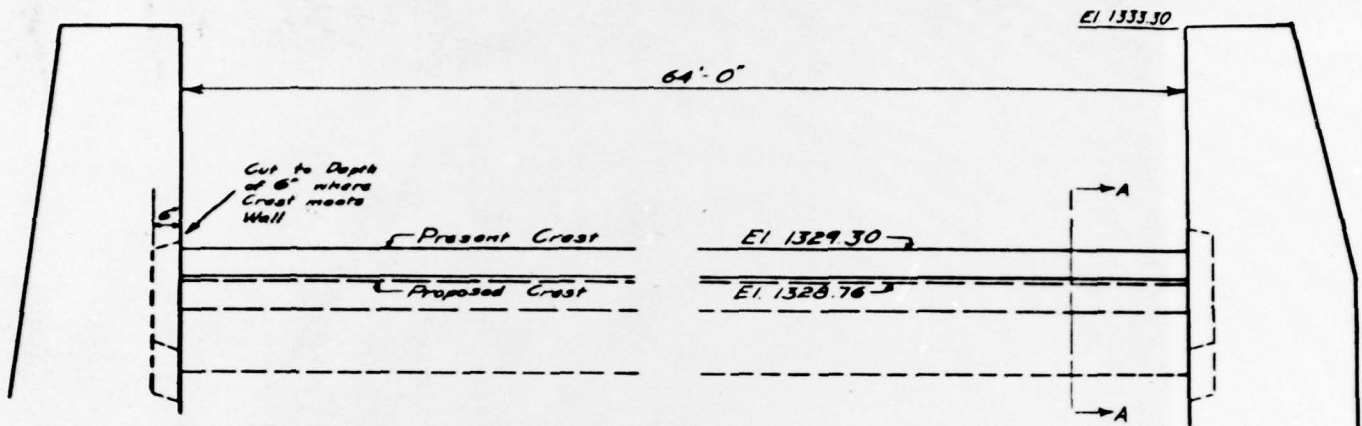
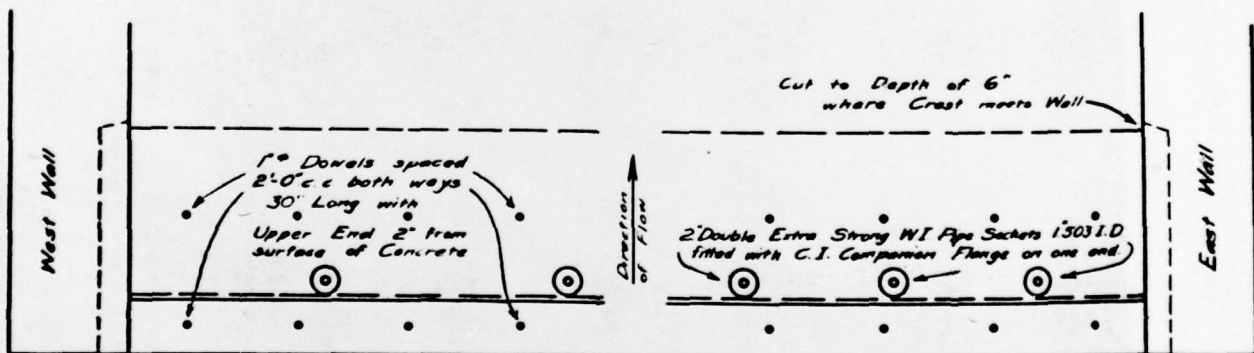


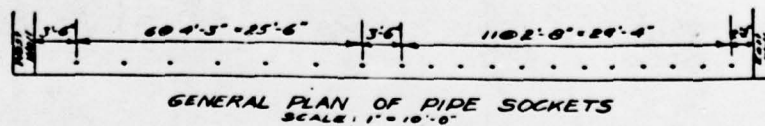
FIGURE 4



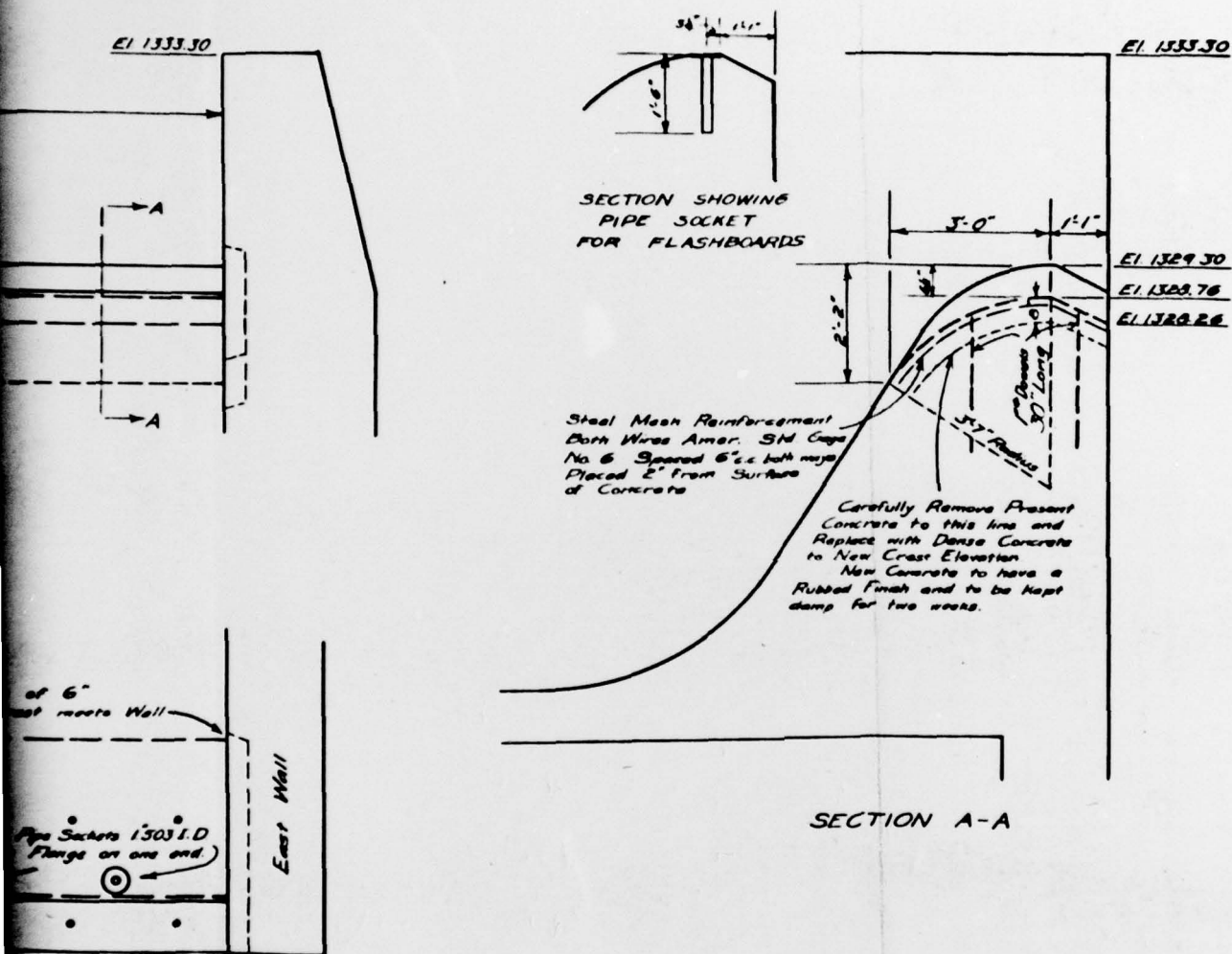
ELEVATION



PLAN



Note
No Flashboards to be installed at this time



BLAIR GAP WATER SUPPLY CO.
POTTSGROVE DAM
PROPOSED LOWERING OF
SPILLWAY CREST

SCALE: 1"=2'-0"

J.F. 7-13-36

OFFICE OF MANAGER



FIGURE 5

APPENDIX G

REGIONAL VICINITY AND WATERSHED BOUNDARY MAP

